



Linda Jacobson (3 Copies)
RCRA Project Manager
US EPA Region VIII
8ENF-T
1595 Wynkoop Street
Denver, Colorado 80202-1129

April 16, 2007

SENT BY CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

CONSENT DECREE CIVIL ACTION NO. CV 98-3-H-CCL EAST HELENA SITE WORK PERFORMED IN MARCH 2007 PROGRESS REPORT #108

Dear Ms. Jacobson:

On May 5, 1998, Asarco and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) entered into a Consent Decree (Decree) to further the objectives of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and the Clean Water Act (CWA). Section XI of the Decree (Reporting: Corrective Action) requires Asarco to submit certified monthly progress reports to EPA which discuss the actions taken by Asarco in achieving compliance with the Decree. The reports are to be submitted to EPA no later than the twentieth (20th) day of the following month. The following describes only those activities that have occurred or are related to projects performed during March 2007. The historical actions taken by Asarco is achieving compliance with the Decree are contained in previous monthly progress reports.

a. Describe the actions, progress, and status of projects which have been undertaken pursuant to Part VII of the Decree;

On March 19, 2007, Asarco responded to EPA's March 12, 2007 letter requesting submission of a draft work plan for the dross/speiss source control located at the East Helena Plant.

During March 2007, autonomous data collection from the PRB pilot-scale barrier wall continued at the East Helena Site. Technicians from Idaho National Laboratory (INL) are working to place all of the data in a web-based, database to allow different views of the data. Work continues on creating the data interface and importing all of the data collected. Preliminary results show that there is still a large difference in geophysical properties between the upper and lower portions of the barrier. The resistivity and induced polarization chargeability continue to

decrease in the upper portion of the barrier but at a slower rate than earlier in the project. The lower portion of the barrier wall shows more erratic changes. Work is underway to complete additional three-dimensional interpretations of the data, which will be compared with earlier 3D inversion results.

Asarco, EPA, and Montana Department of Environmental Quality Meeting On March 6, 2007, Asarco, EPA and Montana Department of Environmental Quality representatives met to discuss RCRA Consent Decree progress at the East Helena site. On March 7, 2007, Linda Jacobson (EPA, Region VIII, Denver Office), Iver Johnson (Montana Department of Environmental Quality) Jon

Nickel, and Bob Miller toured the East Helena Plant. During the meeting, several topics were discussed.

1. Asarco has been developing the design of the Corrective Action Management Unit (CAMU) Phase 2 cell with an expectation of beginning its construction in April 2007. Asarco's approach in this effort, was to provide first, the core design portions of the CAMU submittals, which were to be supplemented with additional materials as information became available. Asarco believes that this approach best serves the goals of protecting human health and the environment by streamlining the authorization process. In particular, by concentrating on key design documents and streamlining the approval process, this approach helps ensure that the CAMU Phase 2 Cell will be constructed and becomes operational in a timely fashion.

In October 2006, Asarco provided EPA the Geotechnical Investigation Report that concluded site soils could be compacted to achieve hydraulic conductivities of 10⁻⁷ centimeters per second (cm/sec). In November 2006, Asarco provided EPA with the estimated volumes of cleaning and demolition waste material for placement in the CAMU Phase 2 Cell. In January 2007, Asarco provided EPA with the Design Analysis Report for the CAMU Phase 2 Cell, along with the sampling and monitoring plan (Appendix D) and operation and maintenance plan (Appendix E). On February 16, 2007, EPA requested further information on waste transfer procedures, construction quality assurance plans, gas generation potential, and waste material compatibility. On February 27, 2007, Asarco responded to these comments.

During the March 6, 2007 meeting, EPA advised Asarco that it must supplement its filings with the previously mentioned additional materials on an expedited basis before EPA would approve the original submittals. While Asarco advised EPA that this approach could be pursued, the timing for the CAMU Phase 2 Cell construction would be delayed and that this delay would likewise compromise Asarco's ability to initiate and complete linked cleaning and demolition and slurry wall construction projects. In consultation with the Montana Department of Environmental Quality, EPA agreed to expedite review of the previously submitted Design Analyses Plan and Quality Construction Plan so that construction of the CAMU Phase 2 Cell can be

- approved. The supportive documents would then be developed as construction commences.
- 2. In January 2007, Asarco proposed that Energy Laboratory utilize an improved ICP-MS collision cell technology for determining arsenic concentrations in groundwater samples. While the proposed method may offer lower detection levels for arsenic and improve elimination of argon interferences, the proposed ICP-MS collision cell technology is not an EPA-approved method and cannot be utilized for East Helena site.
- 3. Asarco shared with EPA the sampling results obtained during the January 2007 sampling of select EH-100 series groundwater wells. preliminary evaluation of the data, it appears that groundwater arsenic values while selenium substantially decreased concentrations correspondingly increased along the leading edge of the paleochannel plume. These selenium data are inconsistent with past results and expected concentration and distribution patterns across the site. Asarco is concerned that these data do not accurately reflect actual site groundwater conditions and may be the result of its lab contractor's use of a reference test method that tends to overstate certain metals concentration. To address its' and EPA's separate concerns with this data, Asarco agreed to further evaluate the groundwater conditions by preparing an enhanced monitoring program of 1) more frequent sample collection on sensitive groundwater monitoring and residential wells, and 2) expansion of the parameter list to include trace metal, metal speciation, and organic constituent analyses. On March 19, 2007, Asarco provided EPA with a copy of the Updated Monitoring Program (March 2007). The Updated Monitoring Program contains Asarco's proposal for the abandonment of nine (9) no longer necessary groundwater monitoring wells and the construction of two (2) additional groundwater monitoring wells in the former acid plant sediment drying area. The construction of the two additional monitoring wells is scheduled to occur at the same time MW-11 is to be constructed.
- 4. Asarco has been developing a bench-scale permeable reactive barrier (PRB) media testing scope of services for application to the East Helena Plant. Asarco has contracted Camp Dresser and McKee (CDM) to prepare a scope of services for this project. On March 26, 2007, Asarco received EPA's March 20, 2007 letter requesting that certain aspects be included within the scope of services, which Asarco has since added. On March 27, 2007, Asarco forwarded the draft scope of services, Bench-Scale Permeable Reactive Barrier (PRB) Media Testing to Rick Wilkin of EPA's Office of Research and Development Laboratory for review and comment. On April 3, 2007, Asarco received Mr. Wilkin's comments on the scope of work, which have been incorporated into the latest draft. A copy of the scope of services is attached to this monthly progress report.

5. During the March 7, 2007 tour of the Asarco East Helena Plant, EPA was provided a copy of the 2007 Cleaning and Demolition Project and CAMU Phase 2 Cell Project Drawing (33 Sheets). On March 8, 2007, Asarco hand-delivered the same set of drawing to the Montana Department of Environmental Quality. On March 8, 2007, Asarco replaced missing locks on several monitoring wells located north of the East Helena site.

Interim Measures Work For 2007

During March 2007, Asarco continued with design preparation for the slurry wall in the former dross plant area. As part of the March 2007 slurry wall design, Geo-Solutions is performing the laboratory design mix program to develop a compatible and low permeability mixture of material to serve as backfill for the proposed slurry wall. Copies of Geo-Solutions (Compatibility Testing for Slurry Cutoff Wall, Speiss-Dross Site), (Permeability Testing for Slurry Cutoff Wall, Speiss/Dross Site), and Long-term Permeability Testing of the Slurry Wall) memorandums have been attached to this monthly progress report.

On February 9, 2007, Asarco received EPA's February 7, 2007 letter, which requested Asarco's preparation of a petition to establish a temporary controlled groundwater area for the Asarco-owned property northwest of the City of East On February 28, 2007, Asarco, EPA, and Montana Department of Environmental Quality representatives discussed the use of deed restrictions on Asarco-owned properties in the vicinity of the site as an alternative to the EPAproposed approach. Asarco has sought and secured approval from the U.S. Bankruptcy Court to obtain local counsel to prepare the necessary forms for this transaction. Asarco will provide a copy of the proposed deed restrictions to EPA in April 2007. The deed restriction will accomplish the same goals of a controlled groundwater area and can be effected in an expedited fashion with far less complication when compared to the temporary controlled groundwater area approach. Asarco is preparing the deed restriction with the assistance of legal counsel from within the State of Montana. Although we have initiated the process, it cannot be completed within 30 days from our February 9, 2007 receipt of EPA's February 7, 2007 letter.

Corrective Action Management Unit (CAMU)

On March 23, 2007, Asarco responded to EPA's March 12, 2007 letter that requested information relating to the cleaning and demolition program that is scheduled for calendar year 2007 at the Asarco East Helena Plant. Asarco has prioritized the cleaning and demolition of the dross/speiss area to expedite the slurry wall construction. The wastes generated from this cleaning and demolition will be placed in the CAMU Phase 2 Cell. Asarco awaits EPA's final comments on the CAMU Phase 2 design analysis report so that these related projects can move forward.

On March 14, 2007, Asarco filed a motion with the U.S. bankruptcy court for an approval motion for order authorizing Asarco to secure surety bond and enter into

an indemnity agreement in connection with the CAMU project at the East Helena Plant. On April 6, 2007, the period for filing objections expired and the bankruptcy judge executed the order. A copy of the Order is attached to this monthly progress report.

RI/FS Long-Term Monitoring Program

During March 2007, Asarco continued the sampling program set forth in the Updated Monitoring Program - January 2007. Under this program, the Nordstrom and Jones' irrigation groundwater wells and the former Corbett and Jensen residential groundwater drinking water wells were scheduled to be sampled. Pat Foley is the new owner of the 203 Gail Street residence. The two irrigation wells located at the Nordstrom and Jones' homes were winterized and could not be sampled during March 2007. On March 4, 2007, groundwater well samples were obtained from the Jensen and Foley drinking groundwater wells, respectively. The March 2007 sample results are contained in the attached data validation report.

The Updated Monitoring Program (March 2007) describes the selenium investigations and supplemental trace metal groundwater sampling events that are scheduled to occur this spring. As part of the program, select groundwater monitoring and residential wells will undergo selenium speciation analyses. On March 22, 2007, Asarco provided EPA with the Energy Laboratory Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) that will be utilized for selenium analyses collected under this Program.

As part of the Updated Monitoring Program - March 2007, forty groundwater wells were scheduled to be sampled for the identified parameters (Table 1 identifying the locations and Table B identifying the parameter list) to provide groundwater information both up-gradient and down-gradient of the arsenic plume and to evaluate the presence of selenium in these wells. During March 27-29, 2007, twenty nine of the forty groundwater wells were samples with the remainder sampled between April 3-4, 2007.

A summary of the correspondence transmitted as part of the East Helena Consent Decree in March 2007 is included in Attachment 1.

b. Identify any requirements under the Part VII of the Decree that were not completed in a timely manner, and problems or anticipated problem areas affecting compliance with the Decree;

The flush mounted, well casing cap of DH-59 was frozen and could not be released using conventional tools. In order to gain access and collect the scheduled samples, the surface casing was removed by use of a jackhammer. The surface casing was replaced with a stick-up mounted design. There were no other requirements that were not completed in a timely manner nor were there problems or anticipated problem areas that affect compliance with the Decree.

c. Describe projects completed during the prior month, as well as activities scheduled for the next month;

In accordance with the 1) 2006 Interim Measures Work Plan Addendum, Final Cleaning, Soil Sampling, Backfilling, and Interim Cap Work Plan and 2) 2006 Interim Measures Work Plan Addendum, Former Acid Plant Sediment Drying Area Slurry Wall, Monitoring, Operation, and Maintenance Work Plan, four areas in which interim caps have been installed are being inspected on a monthly basis with the most recent inspections occurring on March 8, 2007. These monthly inspections documented the condition of the interim caps. On March 26-27, 2007, Northwest Lining and Geotextile Products, Incorporated performed minor drainage control, liner-well sealing, and sand bag placement on the temporary liners.

CAMU Landfill - The construction of the CAMU Phase 1 Cell landfill is complete. The Final Construction Report for the CAMU Phase 1 Cell was hand-delivered to EPA on January 23, 2002. In accordance with the July 2000 CAMU Design Analysis Report (Operation and Maintenance Plan), the CAMU is being inspected monthly with the last inspection occurring on March 8, 2007. This monthly inspection documented the condition of the CAMU.

During April 2007, Asarco is scheduled to conduct the monthly sampling of the four designated residential groundwater wells as prescribed in Asarco's revised on-going Post Remedial Investigation (RI)/Feasibility Study (FS), Long Term Monitoring Program (March 2007). Asarco will continue to work with Shaw Environmental, Inc. to refine the design of the slurry wall in the former dross plant area. During April 2007, Asarco is scheduled to abandon nine (9) groundwater monitoring wells and construct three additional groundwater monitoring wells in the former acid plant sediment drying area and CAMU Phase 2 Cell areas.

d. Describe and estimate the percentage of studies completed;

The Pump and Treat Pilot Scale Testing for Source Area Reduction of Groundwater Contamination is approximately 100% complete.

The slurry wall construction in the former acid plant sediment drying area is 100% complete.

The interim capping project for the former acid plant sediment drying area, dross area, sinter plant area, and gas cleaning section of the acid plant is 100% complete

The slurry wall design in the former dross plant area is 25% complete.

The preliminary draft of the CAMU Phase 2 Cell design analyses is 100% complete.

e. Describe and summarize all findings to date;

The details of past findings through February 2007 are described and summarized in previous monthly progress reports.

f. Describe actions being taken to address problems;

There were no actions required to address problems associated with the Decree.

g. Identify changes in key personnel during the period;

Asarco continues to use the services of Asarco technical personnel and Hydrometrics Incorporated to perform the various activities required under the Consent Decree.

h. Include copies of the results of sampling and tests conducted and other data generated pursuant to work performed under Part VII of the Decree since the last Progress Report. Asarco may submit data that has been validated and confirmed by Asarco to supplement any prior submitted data. Updated validated and confirmed data shall be included with the RFI Report, if not delivered before;

One validation package, entitled "Validation Summary, Asarco East Helena Interim Measures, East Helena Residential Groundwater, Inorganic Analyses, March 2007" is attached to this monthly progress report.

i. Describe the status of financial assurance mechanisms, including whether any changes have occurred, or are expected to occur which might affect them, and the status of efforts to bring such mechanisms back into compliance with the requirements of this Decree.

ASARCO filed a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code in the Southern District of Texas on August 9, 2005. ASARCO hopes to use its chapter 11 bankruptcy proceeding to improve its financial position to the point where it can successfully reorganize and immerge from bankruptcy. ASARCO further hopes that at that time it will be in a position to make the required financial assurance demonstration. See section a. of this monthly progress report for a discussion of the financial assurance for the CAMU project at the East Helena site.

Jon Nickel

Cc: Denise A. Kirkpatrick, MDEQ

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO U.S. v ASARCO INCORPORATED (CV-98-3-H-CCL, USDC, D. Montana)

I certify under penalty of law that this document, March 2007 Progress Report and all attachments, were prepared under my direct supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature_

Name: Thomas L. Aldrich

Title: Vice President Environmental Affairs

Date: April 16, 2007

CONSENT DECREE EAST HELENA SITE MARCH 2007 PROGRESS REPORT

SUMMARY OF CORRESPONDENCE ATTACHMENT 1

DATE OF TRANSMITTAL	CORRESPONDENCE SENT FROM	CORRESPONDENCE SENT TO	SUBJECT	RESPONSE
March 19, 2007	Jon Nickel	Linda Jacobson	Updated Monitoring Program (March 2007)	Awaiting EPA Approval
March 19, 2007	Jon Nickel	Linda Jacobson	Response to March 12, 2007 EPA Letter, Speiss/Dross Source Control	No Formal Response Required
March 22, 2007	Jon Nickel	Linda Jacobson	Selenium Standard Operating Procedure, Selenium Speciation Method	Awaiting Approval
March 23, 2007	Jon Nickel	Linda Jacobson	Response to March 12, 2007 EPA Letter, CAMU-Eligible Waste, Demolition Overlap	No Formal Response Required
Attached to This Monthly Progress Report	Jon Nickel	Linda Jacobson	Compatibility Testing for Slurry Cutoff Wall, Speiss-Dross Site and Permeability Testing for Slurry Cutoff Wall, Speiss/Dross Site and Long Term Permeability Testing for Slurry Cutoff Wall Memorandums	No Formal Response Required

Attached to This Monthly Progress Report	Jon Nickel	Linda Jacobson	Scope of Services - Bench -Scale Permeable Reactive Barrier (PRB) Media Testing	Awaiting Approval
Attached to This Monthly Progress Report	Jon Nickel	Linda Jacobson	Order Authorizing Asarco to Secure Surety Bond and Enter into Indemnity Agreement	No Formal Response Required
Attached to This Monthly Progress Report	Jon Nickel	Linda Jacobson	Validation Summary, Asarco East Helena Interim Measures, East Helena Residential Groundwater, Inorganic Analyses, March 2007	No Formal Response Required

March 2007 RCRA Consent Decree Progress Report

Scope of Services -Bench-Scale Permeable Reactive Barrier (PRB) Media testing

EXHIBIT A-18. SCOPE OF SERVICES

Bench-Scale Permeable Reactive Barrier (PRB) Media Testing (Amendment No. 1 to EH P&T Pilot Test)

A. Introduction/Background

The Asarco Smelter is located in East Helena, Montana. The Smelter began operations in 1889 as a specialty lead and zinc smelter. Operations continued until 2001. In April 2001, the East Helena Plant operations were indefinitely suspended.

A brief summary of the environmental activities related to the Smelter is as follows:

- September 1984 the US EPA placed the Smelter on the National Priorities List (NPL) under Comprehensive Environmental Response C Liabilities Act (CERCLA).
- 1984-1997 Remedial actions occurred at the site both voluntarily and as directed by CERCLA. These actions included plant modifications, construction of water treatment facilities, excavation of impacted soils, and dredging of the Lower Lake.
- May 1992 RCRA Interim Measures Work Plan Addendum addressed intermediate aquifer arsenic contamination.
- May 1998 a Consent Decree (CD) was signed and directed corrective actions at the site. Under the CD, interim measures for groundwater clean-up have been implemented from 1999-2001. These measures consisted of source control and migration control.
- June 2005 EPA initiates an evaluation of pilot-scale Permeable Reactive Barrier (PRB) wall technology at site.
- September 2005 EPA defers Phase II RFI/Risk Assessment Work Plan. EPA recommended that future actions should address the groundwater plumes, predominantly arsenic.
- February 2006 EPA & ASARCO discuss remedial actions focused on source control at the speiss granulating area. EPA suggests containment barriers (e.g. grout curtains, slurry walls) capping impacted soils and encapsulation using deep soil mixing with Zero Valent Iron.
- November 2006 Asarco constructed a slurry wall in the former acid plant sediment drying area.

East Helena PRB Testing Scope of Work April 4, 2007 Page 2

Presently, the predominant environmental concern associated with the Smelter Site is the arsenic contamination emanating from the site in the intermediate aquifer. CDM has previously evaluated pump and treat technology at the Site to address the arsenic contamination. However, Asarco also desires to determine the suitability of *in-situ* treatment using Permeable Reactive Barriers (PRBs). As such, CDM has prepared this Scope of Services to complete an analysis of PRB technology for use at the Smelter Site.

Evaluation of potential *in-situ* groundwater treatment/arsenic removal options will be conducted in a phased approach. The evaluation will consist of:

- Phase I. Jar Testing: Phase I will consist of testing various media under various batch conditions to determine the different media's capacity to remove/remediate arsenic.
- Phase II. Column Testing: Phase II testing will be performed on selected media, based upon the results from Phase I testing. Column testing provides test conditions that are more representative of the actual site conditions. Data obtained from Phase II testing will provide the necessary data for preliminary system design.
- Phase III. Pilot-scale Testing: In-situ pilot-scale testing may be conducted, depending on the results of the previous two phases and input from Asarco. This determination will likely be made based on the certainty of performance and cost of the full-scale system based on column test results.

The phased approach will ensure that only the most promising PRB media are employed in subsequent testing, reducing costs and streamlining the testing and design phases.

B. Scope of Work

The scope of work for this project includes:

Task 1. Test Plan and Setup

The following sub-tasks include activities associated with both the jar and column testing phases of the project:

- Conduct literature search to identify potential PRB materials for testing. Ideally, CDM will
 identify materials that have been previously tested or used to remove arsenic and metals
 from similar groundwater applications.
- Review and evaluate groundwater quality data and complete preliminary calculations as necessary to conduct representative treatability testing.
- Contact vendors of PRB materials to determine the optimum size and properties to be used for testing purposes.

- Procure various PRB media for testing. It is assumed that six materials will be tested in the Jar Testing phase and two materials during the column testing phase. Some of the materials being considered include iron-bearing slag, granular ferric hydroxide, bauxol (byproduct from the aluminum industry), Bayoxide E33, and Taconite Sand. To provide a comparison to the current Zero Valent Iron (ZVI) pilot test, ZVI will be one of the six materials tested during this phase of the study. CDM is currently testing many of these materials for a similar arsenic application in California. The results of this study will aid in narrowing the list of media options.
- Prepare plans, test procedures, materials, and equipment for testing
- Collect test water from one well at the Asarco East Helena site that is representative of full-scale application. This water will be collected by CDM personnel in a manner that will maintain its representativeness (pH, oxidation) of the site groundwater. It is assumed that Asarco personnel will provide access to the wells, sample collection equipment and assistance, if needed.

Task 2. Jar Testing

CDM will complete bench-scale jar tests in either the Bellevue laboratory or in Helena. The primary purpose of the jar tests is to screen various materials to determine: 1) which materials show potential for removing the target constituents to the anticipated permit levels, and 2) obtain preliminary loading capacities for each of the materials for each constituent. The results of this test will be used to select which materials should be considered during column tests.

In general, test procedures will consist of:

- Collecting a feed water sample for raw water quality analysis.
- Adding water to several jars filled with varying quantities of media. It is assumed that three jar tests will be completed for each media, resulting in 18 jar samples. In addition, two control samples will be included in the test to evaluate "clean" sand (3 jars) and no media to simulate simple aeration (1 jar). Procedures will be developed to minimize the potential for exposing the sample to the atmosphere (except for the "no media" jar).
- Shaking the jars overnight (approximately 24 hours).
- Opening the jars and collecting field measurements for pH, ORP, conductivity and temperature.
- Collected filtered samples (no total metals analysis) from each jar (18 total samples).

- Submitting the samples to Energy Labs for analysis. Analytical parameters will include arsenic, selenium, thallium, iron, manganese, cadmium, copper, lead and zinc. The feed water will also be submitted for arsenic speciation. If sufficient volume is available, test samples will also be submitted for arsenic speciation.
- Completing loading calculations for each media and constituent.
- Preparing a brief memo summarizing the results of the bench-scale study and recommendations for column testing.

Task 3. Column Testing

Because the scope for this phase of testing is heavily dependent upon the results from the previous phase, it is difficult to fully define the scope and cost. Consequently, CDM prepared an estimate of the second phase based on the assumption that two column tests will be completed using two separate PRB materials. CDM will likely complete column testing either at the smelter or in Helena.

Anticipated test procedures will consist of:

- Prepare a column test work plan. Per EPA's letter to Jon Nickel (March 20, 2007), the work plan will consider the following factors: source of water for study, desired permeability of reactive medium, identification of contaminants of concern and input concentration ranges, desired removal efficiencies, variability in flow velocities and residence times, potential interfering anions and cations, and collection of site corings or borings reflective of potential site or offsite locations for placement of the barrier. This work plan will be submitted to the EPA following the completion of Tasks 1 and 2.
- Collecting a feed water sample for raw water quality analysis. This volume may range from 5 to 50 gallons, depending on the results of the bench-test and size of columns required.
- Adding a floating cover in the drum and/or nitrogen purge to the drum headspace to maintain anoxic conditions.
- Pumping the water from the drum through both test columns using a multi-head peristaltic pump.
- Collecting one feed sample and six (approximately) filtered (no total metals analysis)
 effluent samples from each column for a total of 13 samples for water quality analysis.
- Submitting the samples to Energy Labs for analysis. Analytical parameters will include arsenic, selenium, thallium, iron, manganese, cadmium, copper, lead and zinc. In addition, at least two effluent samples will be submitted for arsenic speciation.

- Conducting proctor, hydraulic conductivity and porosity tests on the spent materials from each column.
- Completing loading calculations and preparing breakthrough curves for each media and constituent.

Task 4. Final report

At the conclusion of the column test, CDM will prepare a summary report that describes the test methods, results and conclusions from the bench-scale and column tests.

Task 5. Project Management

This task includes various project management, administration and quality control activities that are performed by CDM on all projects for the primary purpose of delivering high quality results to our clients. In addition, CDM has added a task to prepare monthly progress reports to Asarco for submittal by Asarco to the agencies. Specific tasks for this project include:

- Project coordination and communication;
- Calculation review;
- Schedule and budget administration and controls;
- Quality assurance and controls; and
- Preparation of monthly progress reports.

C. Schedule

Upon written authorization to proceed, CDM would be immediately available to begin work on this project. The estimated schedule, in sequence, is as follows:

- Task 1: 2-4 weeks from notice to proceed
- Task 2: 1 week to complete tests
 - 3 weeks to obtain sample results from lab
 - 1 week to analyze results and prepare technical memo
 - TOTAL: 5 weeks
- Task 3: 1 week to prepare test equipment
 - 2 weeks to complete testing

East Helena PRB Testing Scope of Work April 4, 2007 Page 6

3 weeks to obtain sample results from lab

1 week to analyze results

TOTAL: 7 weeks

Task 3: 2 weeks to prepare final report

TOTAL DURATION: 16 to 18 weeks

This schedule can be shorted is a faster lab turnaround time is requested.

March 2007 RCRA Consent Decree Progress Report

Compatibility Testing for Slurry Wall,
Speiss -Dross Site, East Helena Montana
And
Permeability Testing for Slurry Cutoff Wall,
Speiss/Dross Site, East Helena, Montana
And
Long Term Permeability Testing for Slurry Cutoff Wall,
Speiss/Dross Site, East Helena, Montana

Memorandum from Geo-Solutions

Date:

3/13/07

To:

Russ Morgan, Elaine Coombe, Shaw

From:

Steve Day, Geo-Solutions

Via:

email

Subject: Compatibility Testing for Slurry Cutoff Wall, Speiss-Dross Site, East Helena, MT

Russ and Elaine:

This is the first in a series of memos to report to you on the progress of our efforts to complete a laboratory design mix program to develop a compatible and low permeability mixture of materials to serve as the backfill for a slurry wall at the Speiss-Dross Plant Site of Asarco in East Helena, MT. When this design mix effort is complete, we will compile and summarize the data from these memos into a final report.

Outline of Testing Program

This laboratory study is being enacted to pre-determine the compatibility of the slurry wall materials and determine the optimum amount of additives to use in the slurry wall to provide a groundwater barrier with a hydraulic conductivity (or permeability) of 1 x 10⁻⁷ cm/sec or less.

Due to the uncertainty in compatibility and the need to act quickly, two types of slurry wall materials are being considered; soil-bentonite (SB), and soil-cement-bentonite (SCB). SB slurry walls generally provides the lowest permeability barrier, while SCB is slightly more permeable, but sometimes more resistant to some contaminates.

The testing program is designed to be completed in phases as follows:

- 1. Characterize available site materials, i.e. slurry mixing water, potential trench spoils, and borrow materials.
- 2. Perform index tests for compatibility with commercial clays (e.g. bentonite) and the site groundwater. The objective of these tests is to quickly eliminate any additives which indicate a potential incompatibility with the groundwater. The principals of Geo-Solutions are among those who developed these special tests.
- 3. Perform index tests for compatibility with cement grouts (e.g. cement-bentonite) and the site groundwater. The objective of these tests is to eliminate any grouts which demonstrate a potential incompatibility with the groundwater. For this project, Phase 2 and 3 are being performed simultaneously.

Issued by:

Denver Office: 26 W. Dry Creek Circle, Suite 600, Littleton, CO 80120, Ph: 720-283-0505, Fax: 720-283-8055. Check out our web site at www.geo-solutions.com

- 4. Formulate and test a number of trial SB and/or SCB mixtures and test these mixtures for permeability to tap water. The objective of these tests is to develop a mixture with a low permeability using the materials developed in Phases 1, 2 and 3.
- 5. Formulate and test the best mixtures from Phase 4 for permeability to the site groundwater. In order to fully document our success, the mixtures tested in Phase 5 are subjected to at least 2 pore volumes of permeation with the site groundwater. It has been our experience that this phased approach guarantees a successful mixture.

Laboratory

Laboratory testing is being completed by Advanced Terra Testing (ATT) of Lakewood, CO under the direction of Steve Day of Geo-Solutions. ATT is fully qualified, licensed and experienced to perform all type of soil and rock testing including tests with radioactive and hazardous materials. The contact at ATT is Kerry Repola at 303-232-8308. Mr. Day and ATT have worked together on this type of testing on numerous previous projects, including the Former Acid Plant Sediment Drying Area slurry wall in 2006.

Standards and Methods

The standards and methods to be employed in the design mix are listed in the table below.

Test	Standard or Reference
Grainsize	ASTM D422
Fines Content	ASTM D1140
Atterberg Limits	ASTM D4318
Moisture Content	ASTM D2216
Soil Classification (USCS)	ASTM D2487
Water Quality (ph, Hardness, Alkalinity, TDS)	Hach Test or equal
Slurry Preparation	API 13A mod.
Soil-Cement sample preparation	ASTM D4832
Slump (mini-slump method)	ASTM D143 mod.
Viscosity and Density	API RP 13B-1
Filtrate, pH, and temperature	API RP 13B-1
Bleed and Set	ASTM C940 mod.
Penetration Resistance	ASTM D1558 mod.
Accelerated Cure	ASTM D684 mod.
Unconfined Compression Strength	ASTM D1633 & D2166
Hydraulic Conductivity (permeability)	ASTM D5084
Hydraulic Conductivity: Long Term	ASTM D7100
Pan-Set	CRA, June 1991
Slake / Immersion	ASTM C267 & D4644 mod.
Chemical Desiccation	Alter et. al. 1984
Sedimentation / Flocculation	Ryan 1987
Long-term Filtrate w / leachate	D'Appolonia 1980

Issued by:

Denver Office: 26 W. Dry Creek Circle, Suite 600, Littleton, CO 80120, Ph; 720-283-0505, Fax: 720-283-8055. Check out our web site at www.geo-solutions.com

<u>Phase 1 Testing – Site Resources</u>

We consider the available site resources to include the slurry mixing water, trench spoils, and borrow materials. Samples of these materials were recently provided by Asarco and received at the laboratory. Four borings were sampled by Asarco. In the laboratory we made a composite from the soils from each boring. In making the composites, we included a conservative bias by excluding portions of the key material, volcanic tuff, in the composites since this is the best material for creating low permeability. The volcanic tuff is also expected to be less than 10% of the SB backfill (3 ft in 35 ft depth). The grain size and water content of the composite soils are summarized in the table below.

Boring Number	TW-1	SD-2	SD-3	SD-4	EHLN
Water Content	7%	8%	9%	9%	15%
Grain size					
Max Particle	>3/4"	>1.5"	>3/4"	>1.5"	-
>#4	52%	70%	57%	68%	-
>#40	21%	13%	20%	17%	-
>#200	11%	7%	10%	8%	61%
Classification	SW	SW	SW	SW	CL

All of the composites are lacking in adequate fines for a soil-bentonite (SB) slurry wall backfill. However, the borrow soil, EHLN has more than adequate fines and will be mixed with the composite soils to provide adequate fines content in the SB mixtures.

The waters received at the laboratory from Asarco are the groundwater from monitoring well TW-1 and Upper Lake water. Upper Lake water was used successfully as the mixing water in the 2006 project at the Former Acid Sediment Drying Area project. The groundwater is known to be contaminated with arsenic. The properties of the waters, measured in the laboratory are summarized in the table below:

Designation	Upper Lake	Groundwater
Use	mix water	groundwater
рH	5 to 6	9 to 10
Hardness	120	50
Alkalinity	80	>240
TDS	500	0-500

<u>Phase 2 Testing – Clay Compatibility via Index Tests</u>

Two commercial clays were subjected to compatibility testing with the groundwater: API bentonite (Hydrogel 90) and salt resistant bentonite (SR bentonite or SW 101). The API bentonite is representative of the most common slurry wall material. SW 101 is a specially treated bentonite clay, most often used in off-shore drilling and typically mixed with salt water. The properties of the slurries with the Upper Lake water are shown in the table below.

Property	Bentonite	SR Bentonite
B/W (by weight)	6.00%	4.25%
Viscosity (MF seconds)	47	54
Filtrate (ml/ 30 min.)	10.3	5.3
Density (pcf)	65	64.5
pH	7.5	8

Index-type compatibility tests are performed with the clay slurries to detect potential gross incompatibility or other reaction between the slurries and site groundwater. The tests are performed by first creating a standard slurry from Upper Lake water and the clay. The SR bentonite was mixed at a lower proportion (4.5 vs 6%) than the API bentonite, because it makes a much thicker slurry. Properties of both slurries are acceptable with the Upper Lake water.

Sedimentation/flocculation tests are performed to help determine whether the clay will fall out of suspension in the presence of the groundwater during construction. Slurries are made with each of the clays and diluted 1:1 with tap water and groundwater. The slurries are poured into graduate cylinders and then observed for at least 7 days. Comparisons are made between slurries diluted with tap water and groundwater.

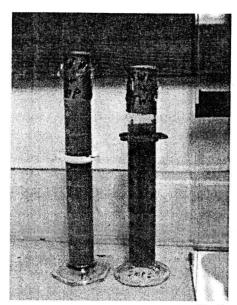
Chemical desiccation tests are performed to help determine if the groundwater affects the chemical structure of the clay. Slurries are made with each of the clays, as previously described and diluted at a 1:1 with tap and groundwater. These mixtures are poured onto glass plates and allowed to dry. The cracking pattern of the dried slurry is then examined for any unusual patterns. Comparisons are made between slurries diluted with tap water and groundwater.

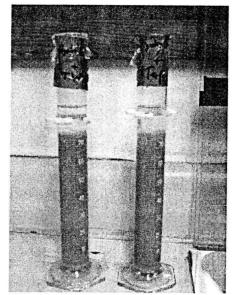
Filter press permeability tests are performed to help determine if the groundwater will degrade the filter cake of the commercial clay. The test is performed by first completing two standard filtrate tests (30 minutes at 100 psi) with each of the clay slurries. Next, the supernate from each test is decanted and the two cells (with filter cakes still intact) are refilled one with tap water and one with groundwater. The test cells are again pressurized (at 100 psi) and the test continued for about 3 hours while the flow rate of the waters through the two filter cakes is monitored. The flow rates can be compared as the ratio of the filtrate of the groundwater to the filtrate of the tap water verses the pore volumes of flow. A ratio where the groundwater flows through the filter cake twice as fast as tap water flow through the filter cake is considered potentially incompatible.

Phase 2 Testing – Results

The results of the sedimentation tests are shown in the photographs below.

Issued by:

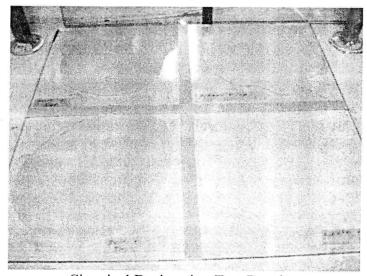




Sedimentation Test Results: Left Picture – SR Bentonite, Right Picture – Bentonite (tap water at left and groundwater at right in each picture)

There was no indication of any sedimentation or flocculation with either bentonite due to the groundwater. Some bleed was observed with both the tap water and groundwater in the test with the API bentonite, but the amount of bleed was equal in both tests. Based on these results, neither bentonite product demonstrates a gross incompatibility with the groundwater.

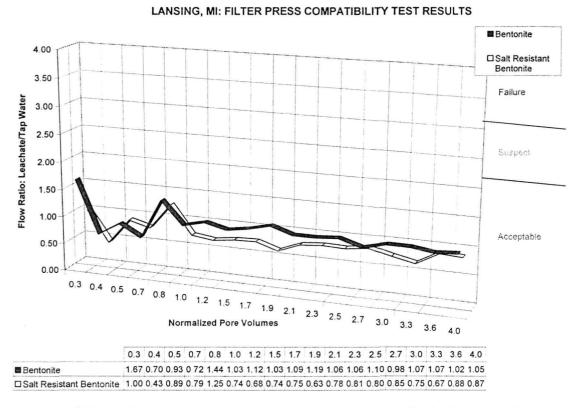
The results of the chemical desiccation test are shown in the picture below:



Chemical Desiccation Test Results: Left Side - SR Bentonite, Right Side - Bentonite (tap water at top, groundwater at bottom in each picture)

There is no cracking or other indications of chemical desiccation in any of the tests. Both clays performed similarly with the tap water and the groundwater. Based on these results, neither bentonite product demonstrates a gross incompatibility with the groundwater.

The results of the modified filter press test are presented in the graph, below.



The ratio of flow with groundwater and tap water is about 1.0 for both clays. The results are similar and acceptable for both clays. Based on these results, neither bentonite product demonstrates a gross incompatibility with the groundwater.

Based on the results of the three compatibility tests, both bentonites are compatible with the groundwater and either bentonite could be used in Phase 4. Based on common usage and cost considerations, the API-type bentonite is recommended for testing in Phase 4 testing.

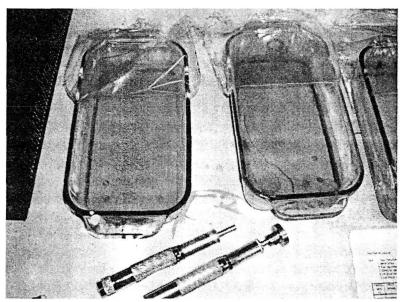
Phase 3 Testing – Grout Compatibility via Index Tests

Index-type compatibility tests are being performed with cement grouts to detect potential incompatibilities or reaction between the grouts and site groundwater. Two different grouts were formulated and are being tested. The proportions and properties of the grouts are shown in the table below.

Trial Mix No.	REAGENT TYPE	REAGENT/WATER (%)	Apparent Viscosity (cP)	Grout Density (pcf)
CB	PC/Bentonite	0.2 / 0.025	2,5	71.0
IMP	BFS/ Attapugite	0.12 / 0.06	2.5	69.0

The grouts are workable and could be mixed with soil to create SCB with minor modifications.

Two compatibility tests are being performed on the grouts. In the Pan test, the fluid grout is poured into a pan filled with either groundwater or tap water. The grouts are tested for penetration resistance as they set and harden under the waters to detect any observable differences in the setting process due to the different waters. These tests have begun and are still in progress. A picture of one test is shown below.



Pan Test in Progress

In the Slake test, hardened cylinders of grout are immersed in groundwater and tap water. The cylinders are observed for at least 2 weeks, then removed and cut into sections to detect any changes due to immersion in the different waters. The samples have been made for these tests and are curing prior to testing.

Phase 3 Testing – Results

At this time no results are available from the pan test or slake test. Compatibility testing with the grout mixtures will continue until complete. It is premature to formulate and test SCB mixtures, at this time.

Issued by:

Based on the available results, we plan to begin Phase 4 testing with bentonite clay and will only return to SCB mixtures if unusual or unsatisfactory results are obtained with SB.

Phase 4 – Soil-Bentonite Design Mixtures

Based on results obtained to date, SB mixtures should include API-type bentonite, composite soils and EHLN borrow soil. Bentonite slurry will be added to the mixture to produce acceptable workability (measured as slump) and further increase the proportion of bentonite in the mixture. Given the limited fines in the expected trench spoils (see Composite soil fines above) we estimated the minimum mixture ratio to be 2 parts of the trench spoil to 1 part of the EHLN borrow soil. In the worst case (SD-2), this should result in a fines content of 25% which is generally adequate for SB backfill. We will also plan to test a mixture ratio of 1:1, which may result in a lesser bentonite requirement. Mixture SB5 (with a 1: 1 ratio) is similar to the SB backfill produced for the Former Acid Sediment Drying Area project in 2006. Adding more bentonite and/or EHLN borrow to any mixture should improve impermeability. The mixtures to be tested are shown in the table below.

Mix No.	Mixture Ratio Composite : EHLN	Dry Bentonite Added (%)	Slurry Bentonite Added (%)
SB1	2:1	0.00%	?
SB2	2:1	1.50%	?
SB3	2:1	3.00%	?
SB4	1:1	0.00%	?
SB5	1:1	1.50%	?

It is expected that the addition of bentonite slurry to create workable SB mixtures with a slump of 4 to 6 inches and will add about 1 to 2% bentonite to the mixtures. The actual amount of bentonite amount added will be measured. These mixtures will be tested in a flexible wall permeameter at an effective confining stress of 10 psi and a gradient of less than 30 with tap water as the permeant. We plan to start making mixtures this week.

Please feel free to call me anytime. Cell: 303-601-3274

Steve

Issued by:

Memorandum from Geo-Solutions

Date:

3/29/07

To:

Jon Nickel, Asarco,

Russ Morgan, Elaine Coombe, Shaw

From:

Steve Day, Geo-Solutions

Via:

email

Subject: Permeability Testing for Slurry Cutoff Wall, Speiss/ Dross Site, East Helena, MT

Jon:

This is the second in a series of memos to report to you on the progress of our efforts to complete a laboratory design mix program to develop a compatible and low permeability mixture of materials to serve as the backfill for a slurry wall at the Speiss/Dross Site in East Helena, MT.

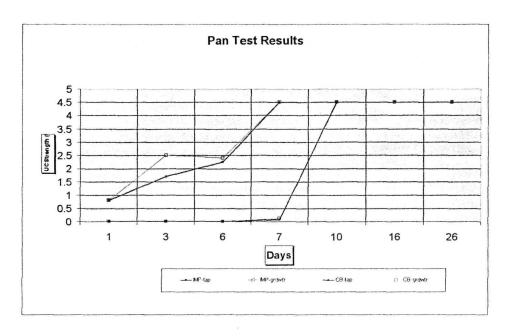
Our previous memo concentrated on compatibility testing with the site groundwater and bentonite clay. Compatibility test results with bentonite were very good and no incompatibilities were noted. This memo includes initial compatibility results with grouts for soil-cement-bentonite (SCB) backfill and permeability test results with soil-bentonite (SB) trial backfill mixtures.

Phase 3 - SCB Compatibility Results

Two tests are being performed on cement grouts with the Site groundwater. The grouts are a mixture a Portland cement and bentonite in water (CB) and a mixture of slag cement and attapulgite clay in water (IMP). The Pan test results are now available. The Slake test results are still in progress. In the Pan test, the fluid grout is poured into a pan filled with either groundwater or tap water. The grouts are tested for penetration resistance as they set and harden under the waters to detect any observable differences in the setting process due to the different waters. A chart portraying the Pan test results are shown below.

Issued by:

Denver Office: 26 W. Dry Creek Circle, Suite 600, Littleton, CO 80120, Ph. 720-283-0505, Fax: 720-283-8055. Check out our web site at www.geo solutions.com



There is no difference in the results with IMP grout and a negligible difference in results with the CB grout. Based on the Pan test result, there is no detectable incompatibility with the cement grouts.

Due to the success in the bentonite compatibility tests and initial SB permeability testing (see below), we recommend stopping the further SCB testing, except for completing the on going slake tests. If, at some later date, we find a need to continue with SCB testing, this could be done with minimal delay.

Phase 4 – Soil-Bentonite Design Mixtures

Based on the previous results, five SB mixtures were formulated for testing with API-type bentonite clay. The trial SB backfill mixtures were made from native soils gathered in soil borings (composite), borrow soils available near the Site known as EHLN, and bentonite clay. Bentonite clay was incorporated into trial SB mixtures from dry bentonite powder and bentonite slurry.

The composites were made from soils obtained in exploratory borings and EHLN, a source of fines (materials smaller than 0.075 mm), that were sampled and sent to the laboratory by ASARCO. All rocks greater than 0.5 inch were excluded from the composites to permit accurate laboratory testing with reasonable sample sizes in accordance with ASTM standards. Volcanic tuft, a fine material that will serve as the foundation (or key) for the slurry trench, was excluded from the composites to provide a degree of conservatism. Groundwater was added to the composite soils to restore them to a natural moisture content of 10%. Upper lake water was added to the EHLN soils to restore them to a moisture content of 15%. A picture of the composite and EHLN soils are shown below.



Composite Soils

The SB mixtures were made by mixing the composites and EHLN soils in two proportions (2:1 and 1:1 by weight) and then blending in the desired amounts dry bentonite and slurry bentonite. Slurry bentonite was added to the soils until a slump of 4 to 6 inches was recorded. The proportions and properties of the mixtures are listed below.

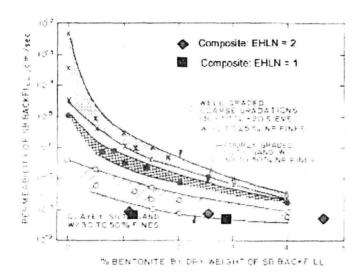
Mix	Soils	Dry	Slurry	Total	Water	Density
No.		Bentonite	Bentonite	Bentonite	Content	(pcf)
		Added	Added	Added	(%)	
		(%)	(%)	(%)		
1	1: EHLN +					
	2: Composite	0.0	1.0	1.0	27	120
2	1: EHLN +					
	2: Composite	1.5	1.1	2.6	28	120
3	1: EHLN +					
	2: Composite	3.0	3.0	1.7	32	112
4	1: EHLN +					
	1: Composite	0.0	1.1	1.1	36	116
5	1: EHLN +					
	1: Composite	1.5	1.4	2.9	37	119

In general, the mixture of EHLN and composite soils with bentonite produced an excellent slurry wall mixture. The properties of the mixtures are typical of SB backfills.

The SB mixtures were tested for fines content and permeability. Samples of the mixtures were tested in flexible wall permeameters and at an effective stress of 10 psi and a hydraulic gradient less than 30 in accordance with ASTM D5084, Method D (flow pump). The preliminary results of our tests are shown in the table below.

Mix No.	Fines (%<#200)	Permeability (cm/sec)
1	25	1.5 x 10 ⁻⁸
2	26	1.3 x 10 ⁻⁸
3	36	5.7 x 10 ⁻⁹
4	30	9.3 x 10 ⁻⁹
5	32	8.5 x 10 ⁻⁹

All of the mixtures easily meet the standard of less than 1×10^{-7} cm/sec. These results must be considered preliminary until final dimensional measurements are complete (and test specimens are disassembled). The results of the tests on mixtures 1 through 5 are portrayed in the graph below¹.



From the graph it seems apparent that the proportion of EHLN and amount of bentonite makes little difference at the ratios tested. Therefore, the most economical mixture, SB-1 with 1% bentonite and a Composite: EHLN proportion of 2:1, can be selected for long term testing.

Phase 5 - Long Term Permeability Testing

At this time it is appropriate to move to Phase 5 of the testing program and subject one SB mixture to long term testing with the site groundwater. Therefore, we propose to subject mixture SB-1 to long term permeability testing with the site groundwater until two pore volumes are groundwater are forced through the test specimen.

Based on the current value of permeability and a gradient of 30 (as per ASTM D7100), we calculate a testing period of more than 250 days, which is excessive and unnecessary.

Issued by

¹ D'Appolonia, D.J., "Soil-Bentonite Slurry Trench Cutoffs", *Journal of the Geotechnical Engineering Division*, American Society of Civil Engineering, Vol. 106, No. GT4, April 1980.

Therefore, in order to expedite the testing, we will increase the hydraulic gradient to about 65 in order to complete the testing in about 100 days. In accordance with D'Arcy's law of permeability and established engineering procedures, the increased gradient should be irrelevant in our results.

Please feel free to call me anytime. Cell: 303-601-3274

Steve

Memorandum from Geo-Solutions

Date:

4/12/07

To:

Jon Nickel, Asarco,

Russ Morgan, Elaine Coombe, Shaw

From:

Steve Day, Geo-Solutions

Via:

email

Subject: Long Term Permeability Testing for Slurry Cutoff Wall, Speiss/ Dross Site, East Helena, MT

Jon:

This is our third in a series of memos to report to you on the progress of our efforts to complete a laboratory design mix program to develop a compatible and low permeability mixture of materials to serve as the backfill for a slurry wall at the Speiss/Dross Site in East Helena, MT.

This memo presents on-going, long-term, SB permeability test results. Please note that all test results must be considered to be preliminary until the samples are dismantled and measured.

Phase 4: Soil-Bentonite Backfill Trial Mixtures

As you may recall, we made 5 SB mixtures by mixing exploratory boring composites soils with EHLN soils in two proportions and then blending in the desired amounts dry bentonite and slurry bentonite. All of the samples passed our goal of achieving a permeability of less than 1×10^{-7} cm/sec. The basic proportions and properties of the mixtures are summarized below.

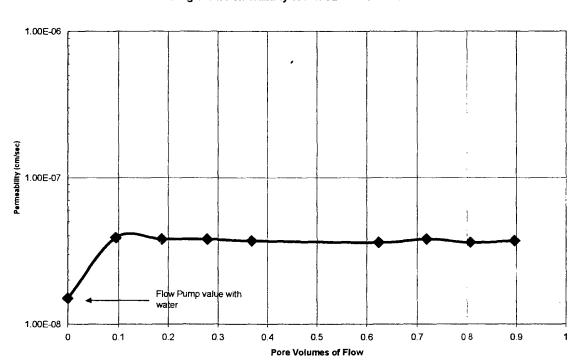
Mix No.	Mixture Ratio Comp: EHLN	Fines Content	Total Bentonite Added	Permeability
		(%)	(%)	(cm/sec)
SB1	2:1	25	1	1.5E-08
SB2	2:1	26	2.6	1.3E-08
SB3	2:1	36	4.7	5.7E-09
SB4	1:1	30	1.1	9.3E-09
SB5	1:1	32	2.9	8.5E-09

Issued by:

The SB samples were permeated with water in flexible wall permeameters and at an effective stress of 10 psi and a hydraulic gradient less than 30 in accordance with ASTM D5084, Method D (flow pump). Based on these results we selected SB1 for long term permeation with the groundwater.

Phase 5 – Long Term Permeability Testing

The long term test is planned to subject mixture SB1 to testing with the site groundwater until two pore volumes are groundwater are forced through the test specimen. Based on the initial value of permeability for SB1, and in accordance with ASTM D7100, we selected a hydraulic gradient to about 65 with the same confining pressure for the long term test. The test results obtained thus far are shown in the table below.



Long Term Permeability of Mix SB-1 to Groundwater

As can be seen in the chart, the value of permeability, thus far, is steady at about 4×10^{-8} cm/sec, which is again, well below our goal of 1×10^{-7} cm/sec. There was a minor initial increase in permeability that resulted from changing test conditions and permeate, but after the initial change, the permeability of SB1 has been steady. The test continues with the goal of passing at least 2 pore volumes of groundwater through the sample. To date our results look very encouraging for demonstrating a low permeability, long-term, compatible result.

Please feel free to call me anytime. Cell: 303-601-3274

Steve

Issued by:

Denver Office: 26 W. Dry Creek Circle, Suite 600, Littleton, CO 80120, Ph: 720-283-0505, Fax: 720-283-8055. Check out our web site at www.geo-solutions.com

March 2007 RCRA Consent Decree Progress Report

Order Authorizing Asarco to Secure Surety Bond and Enter into Indemnity Agreement

Case 05-21207 Document 4396 Filed in TXSB on 04/06/2007 Page 1 of 2

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

In re:	§	Case No. 05-21207	
ASARCO LLC, et al.,	9 8	Chapter 11	
Γ	9 Debtors. § 8	Jointly Administered	

ORDER AUTHORIZING ASARCO LLC TO SECURE SURETY BOND AND ENTER INTO INDEMNITY AGREEMENT IN CONNECTION WITH CAMU PROJECT AT THE EAST HELENA, MONTANA SMELTER

Upon consideration of the Motion for Order Authorizing ASARCO LLC to Secure Surety Bond and Enter into Indemnity Agreement in Connection with CAMU Project at the East Helena, Montana Smelter (the "Motion"); and it appearing that the Court has jurisdiction over this matter; and it appearing that due notice of the Motion has been provided as set forth in the Motion, and that no other or further notice need be provided; and it further appearing that the relief requested in the Motion is in the best interests of the Debtor and its estate and creditors; and upon all of the proceedings had before the Court; and after due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefore, it is hereby

ORDERED that ASARCO may provide financial assurances to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") in connection with the Corrective Action Management Unit project at the East Helena, Montana smelter plant by providing the EPA with a surety bond and a standby trust agreement in a form acceptable to the EPA and ASARCO, in consultation with the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors appointed in its bankruptcy case (the "ASARCO Committee"); and it is further

Case 05-21207 Document 4396 Filed in TXSB on 04/06/2007 Page 2 of 2

ORDERED that ASARCO is authorized, in its discretion, to solicit quotes from various qualified surety companies, secure a surety bond from the company providing the most attractive terms to ASARCO, as determined by ASARCO in consultation with the ASARCO Committee, and then enter into an indemnity agreement with that surety company.

ORDERED that this Court retains jurisdiction with respect to all matters arising from or

related to the implementation of this Order.

April 6, 2007

Dated:

RICHARD S. SCHMIDT UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

VALIDATION SUMMARY ASARCO EAST HELENA INTERIM MEASURES EAST HELENA RESIDENTIAL GROUNDWATER INORGANIC ANALYSES MARCH 2007

(ENERGY LABORATORY WORK ORDER NO. H07030014)

Prepared for: Mr. Jon Nickel ASARCO Incorporated PO Box 1230 East Helena, MT 59635

Prepared by: Linda L. Tangen 6900 Cherry Blossom Lane Albuquerque, NM 87111

April 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LIST	T OF APPENDICESII
GLO	DSSARY OF TERMSIII
SUN	1MARY1
1.	INTRODUCTION
2.	DELIVERABLES3
3.	FIELD PROCEDURES
4.	FIELD BLANKS4
5.	FIELD DUPLICATES5
6.	LABORATORY PROCEDURES5
7.	DETECTION LIMITS5
8.	LABORATORY BLANKS 6
9.	LABORATORY MATRIX SPIKES6
10.	LABORATORY DUPLICATES7
11.	LABORATORY CONTROL STANDARDS7
12.	INTERPARAMETER COMPARISON7
13.	HISTORICAL COMPARISON SUMMARY8
14.	DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES (DQOS)8
15.	CONCLUSION9
REF	FRENCES 10

LIST OF APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1: DATABASE

APPENDIX 2: FIELD NOTES

APPENDIX 3: CHAIN OF CUSTODY

APPENDIX 4: LABORATORY REPORT

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

CCVContinuing Calibration Verification
CLPContract Laboratory Program
COCChain of Custody
CRDLContract Required Detection Limit
DI Deionized Water
DIS Dissolved
DQO Data Quality Objective
ELI-Hel Energy Laboratories, Inc., Helena, Montana
EPAU.S. Environmental Protection Agency
ICV Initial Calibration Verification
IDLInstrument Detection Limit
LCSLaboratory Control Sample
LFBLaboratory Fortified Blank
MS Matrix Spike
NANot Applicable
PDLG Project Detection Limit Goal
QCQuality Control
RPD Relative Percent Difference
SC Specific Conductivity
TDS Total Dissolved Solids

SUMMARY

East Helena residential well water (groundwater) samples were collected on March 4, 2007 for the ASARCO East Helena Facility Interim Measures Project. Inorganic constituents for these samples were validated using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidelines for data validation (EPA 2002) and the project work plan (ASARCO 2002). Samples were analyzed by Energy Laboratories, Inc. (ELI-Hel) in Helena, Montana, under work order H07030014. The validated database is located in Appendix 1.

Data quality objectives for this project and the results for this sampling event were as follows:

- Precision is determined by field and laboratory duplicate sample results that are within control limits. The completeness objective for precision is 90% of the duplicate sample results within control limits. This objective was met as 100% of the field and laboratory duplicate results were within control limits.
- Accuracy is determined by laboratory control sample (LCS) and matrix spike (MS) sample
 results that are within control limits. The completeness objective for accuracy is 90% of the
 LCS and MS sample results within control limits. This objective was met as 100% of the
 LCS results and 100% of the MS results were within control limits (see the following
 note).
 - *Note: Due to the lack of LCSs for dissolved metals, fortified laboratory blanks were used to assess the accuracy for these analytes. In several cases, samples used for matrix spikes for were from unknown sources and therefore, could not be used to evaluate the accuracy of this sampling event's data. This is explained further in the following report.
- Completeness is calculated by the number of valid (not rejected) data per number of <u>planned</u> data, expressed as a percentage. The completeness goal for this project was 90%. This goal was met as 100% of the planned data were analyzed and deemed valid.

All reported data for ASARCO Interim Measures' March 2007 sampling event (ELI-Hel work order H07030014) were deemed valid and can be used for the purposes they were intended. Of the total number of analyses, 100% can be used without qualification.

DATA VALIDATION REPORT

1. INTRODUCTION

This validation applies to analyses for four groundwater and quality control samples
collected on March 4, 2007 for the ASARCO East Helena Interim Measures project.
Samples were analyzed by Energy Laboratories in Helena, Montana (ELI-Hel) under
work order number H07030014. One field blank and one field duplicate sample were
included with these samples.

	•	Validation procedures used are generally consistent with: X EPA Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) National Functional Guidelines for Inorganics Data Review (EPA 2002) X Work Plan – Interim Measures Work Plan Addendum (ASARCO 2002) Other
	•	Overall level of validation: CLP X Standard – Field and laboratory quality control (QC) samples are reviewed; and samples associated with QC violations are flagged. Visual
2.	DEI	LIVERABLES
	•	All laboratory document deliverables were present as specified in the CLP-Statement of Work (EPA 2001), and/or the project contract.
	•	All documentation of field procedures was provided as required. _X_Yes No
3.	FIE	LD PROCEDURES
	•	Samples were collected from all project-required sites. X Yes No
	•	Field parameters were measured in accordance with the project work plan. _X Yes No

• Field instruments were calibrated daily and before measurements were collected.

X Yes ___ No

• Chains of Custodies (COCs) were properly filled out and signed by the field personnel.

_X Yes ___ No

• Data entry into field books, on COCs, and on sample labels were accurate and complete.

X Yes No

4. FIELD BLANKS

Blanks: Please note that the highest blank value associated with any particular analyte is the blank value used for the flagging process.

Deionized water (DI), trip, rinsate, or any other field blanks have been carried out at the proper frequency (one rinsate blank and one DI blank per event).

X Yes ___ No

Reported results on the field blanks were less than the Project Detection Limit Goals (PDLGs).

Yes
X No – see notes

Notes: Associated sample results less than five times the blank value and greater than the detection limit are flagged "UJ" to indicate a possible positive bias. For this sampling event, all of the associated sample results were greater than five times the blank value. Therefore, no results were qualified due to blank detections. Following is a table summarizing the blank detections.

Blank Type	Sample Code	Sample Date	Parameter	PDLG (mg/L)	Result (mg/L)	5 X Result (mg/L)	Flags
Field Blank	EHR-0307-303	3/4/07	Bicarbonate (HCO3)	1	1	5	0*
]			Total Alkalinity	1	1	5	0*

^{*} All associated sample results were greater than five times the blank value.

_	T7	D	
5.		DUPLICATES	ì

		Field duplicates have been collected at the proper frequency (one field duplicate per event). X Yes No
		Field duplicate relative percent differences (RPDs) were within the required control limits (RPD of 20% or less). If the sample or duplicate result is less or equal to five times the PDLG, the RPD criteria are not used. In these cases, the difference between the sample and the duplicate results must be within ± the PDLG. X Yes No
6.	LABORATO	DRY PROCEDURES
	• Labor	atory procedures followed X CLP-Statement of Work (EPA 2001) X SW-846 (EPA 1986) X Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes (EPA 1983) Other
	• Holdin	No
	• Consis	Analyses were carried out as required by the project work plan (ASARCO 2002). X Yes No Project specified methods were used. X Yes No
_	D	N. T. vacanno

7. DETECTION LIMITS

•	Reporting	detection	limits met	PDLGs

X	Yes
	No

8. LABORATORY BLANKS

Please note that the highest blank value associated with any particular analyte is the blank value used for the flagging process.

 Method blanks were prepared and analyzed at the required frequency (one per batch or one per 20 samples, whichever is greater.

> _X_Yes ___No

• All the analytes in the blank were less than the PDLG.

Yes
X No – see notes

Notes: Several laboratory blank values were reported as greater than the PDLG. However all associated non-field blank results were greater than five times the blank values and therefore, none of the results were qualified for this blank detection. Following is a summary of the laboratory blank detection.

Blank Sample Code	Sample Batch	Analysis Batch	Analysis Date	Parameter	PDLG (mg/L)	I		
MBLK1_070307A	H07030014	070307A-ALK-W	3/7/07	Total Alkalinity	1	1	5	0*
				Bicarbonate	1	1	5	0*

^{*}Notes: All associated non-field blank results were greater than five times the blank value.

9. LABORATORY MATRIX SPIKES

• A Matris Spike (MS) sample (pre-digestion) was analyzed at the proper frequency (one per batch and/or matrix).

Yes
X No – see notes

Notes: Samples from an unknown source were used for the total organic carbon, total alkalinity, bicarbonate, total dissolved solids, arsenic, lead, and selenium. The accuracy for these analytes was evaluated using Laboratory Control Samples (LCS), and Laboratory Fortified Blanks (LFBs).

• MS recoveries were within the required control limits (75-125%).

X Yes ___ No

___ Not Applicable

10. LABORATORY DUPLICATES

Laboratory duplicate samples were analyzed at the proper frequency (one per batch or one per 20 samples, whichever is greater).

X Yes ____ No

RPDs were within the required control limits (RPD of 20% or less). If the sample or duplicate result is less or equal to five times the PDLG, the RPD criteria are not used. In these cases, the difference between the sample and the duplicate results must be within \pm the PDLG.

> _X_ Yes ____ No

11. LABORATORY CONTROL STANDARDS

The reference material used was of the correct matrix.

X Yes ____ No

LCS' or LFBs were prepared and analyzed at the proper frequency (one per batch or one per 20 samples, whichever is greater).

X Yes ____ No

LCS recoveries were within the required control limits (80-120% or certified range).

X_Yes ____ No

12. Interparameter Comparison

X Lab pH vs. Field pH X Lab Specific Conductivity (SC) vs. Field SC

X Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) vs. Field SC

Lab pH vs. Field pH: Field and lab pH pairs were compared using laboratory duplicate criteria (refer to section 10). These comparisons were less than or equal to 11.4 RPD and therefore acceptable for the purposes of the project.

Lab SC vs. Field SC: Field and lab SC pairs were compared using laboratory duplicate criteria (refer to section 10). These comparisons were less than or equal to 11.4 RPD and therefore acceptable for the purposes of the project.

TDS vs. Field SC: The ratio of TDS to field SC results should lie between 0.55 and 0.75. This ratio is intended to be a check on the accuracy of the TDS and lab SC measurements. In natural waters with high sulfate, the ratio may be much higher and the ratio is less accurate in dilute waters. TDS/SC ratios for this sampling event were 0.73 and 0.84, which were in line with historical data.

13. HISTORICAL COMPARISON SUMMARY

Data for this sampling event were compared with previous sampling events. None of this sampling event's results were greater than three times the standard deviation from the historical mean.

14. DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES (DQOS)

• The data quality goal was met for precision (90% of the field and laboratory duplicates were within control limits).

X Yes –see the following table
No

Precision Objectives

QC Туре	Total Results	# of Results Out of Control Limits	# of Results Within Control Limits	% Within Control Limits
Field Duplicates	21	0	21	100%
Lab Duplicates	33	0	33	100%
Overall	54	0	54	100%

• The data quality goal was met for accuracy (90% of the LCS and matrix spike results were within control limits).

X Yes - see the following table

___ No

Accuracy Objectives

QC Туре	Total Results	# of Results Out of Control Limits	# of Results Within Control Limits	% Within Control Limits		
Matrix Spikes	22	0	22	100%		
LCS*	21	0	21	100%		
Overall	43	0	43	100%		

*Notes: FLB results for dissolved arsenic were included.

• DQO target for completeness was met (the number of valid results divided by the number of possible results is 90% or above).

Completeness

# of Planned	Actual # of	# of Rejected	# of Valid	Completeness
Measurements	Measurements	Measurements	Measurements	
92	92	0	92	100%

• Samples were qualified for QC exceedances and deficiencies.

Yes
X No – see the following table

Qualification of Samples

# of Measurements	# of Qualified Measurements	# Not Qualified	% Not Qualified
92	0	92	100%

15. CONCLUSION

All planned sites were sampled and the required number of measurements for these sites was analyzed and deem valid for ASARCO Interim Measures' March 2007 sampling event (ELI-Hel work order number H07030014). The data from these sites can be used for the purposes they were intended.

Data Validation Report by: Linda L. Tangen

Client Review by: Jon Nickel

REFERENCES

- ASARCO 2002. Interim Measures Work Plan Addendum, East Helena Facility. ASARCO Consulting Inc. Revised May.
- EPA 1983. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. United States Environmental Protection Agency. March.
- EPA 1986. Test Method for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods 3rd Ed. 4 Vols. United States Environmental Protection Agency. November.
- EPA 2001. USEPA Contract Laboratory Program Statement of Work for Inorganic Analysis.

 United States Environmental Protection Agency. Document Number ILM05.2.

 December.
- EPA 2002. USEPA Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Data Review. United States Environmental Protection Agency. July.

APPENDIX 1

DATABASE

March 2007 Sampling Event

Database: ASARCO, East Helena Plant

Table of Contents by Station Type

Page	Station Type	Station Name
1	Domestic Wells	Gail203
2	Domestic Wells	Gail401
3	Field Quality Control	FieldBlank

TOT: Total; DIS: Dissolved; TRC: Total Recoverable

March 2007 Sampling Event

Database: ASARCO, East Helena Plant

Table of Contents By Lab Sample ID

Page	Lab Sample ID	Sample ID	Sample Date	Station Name
1	H07030014-001	EHR-0307-300	3/4/2007	Gail203
2	H07030014-002	EHR-0307-301	3/4/2007	Gail401
2	H07030014-003	EHR-0307-302	3/4/2007	Gail401
3	H07030014-004	EHR-0307-303	3/4/2007	FieldBlank

TOT: Total; DIS: Dissolved; TRC: Total Recoverable

March 2007 Sampling Event

Database: ASARCO, East Helena Plant

Table of Contents by Sample ID

Page	Sample ID	Lab Sample ID	Sample Date	Station Name
1	EHR-0307-300	H07030014-001	3/4/2007	Gail203
2	EHR-0307-301	H07030014-002	3/4/2007	Gail401
2	EHR-0307-302	1107030014-003	3/4/2007	Gail401
3	EHR-0307-303	H07030014-004	3/4/2007	FieldBlank

TOT: Total; DIS: Dissolved; TRC: Total Recoverable

March 2007 Sampling Event

Database: ASARCO, East Helena Plant

Sample Matrix	STATION	Gal1203
Water	SAMPLE DATE	3/4/2007
	SAMPLE TIME	12:45
	LAB	ELI
	LAB NUMBER	H07030014-001
	SAMPLE NUMBER	EHR-0307-300
	TYPE	Domestic Wells
	GROUP	Private Wells
	DESCRIPTION	
	REMARKS	
Common lons ((mg/L): ppm unless note	ed
	Bicarbonate (HCO3)	95
	Calcium (Ca) (DIS)	31
	Chloride (Cl)	5
	Magnesium (Mg) (DIS)	7
	Polassium (K.) (DIS)	3
	Sodium (Na) (DIS)	13
	Sulfate (SO4)	50
Tot	al Alkalinity As CACO3	78
	ppm unless noted	
		<0.002
	Arsenic (As) (DIS) Cadmium (Cd) (DIS)	
		<0.001
	Copper (Cu) (DIS)	0.018
	Iron (Fe) (DIS)	<0.02
	Lead (Pb) (DIS)	<0.005
	Manganese (Mn) (DIS)	<0.01
	Selenium (Se) (DIS)	<0.005
	Zinc (Zn) (DIS)	<0.01
Nutrients: ppm	unless noted	
	Total Organic Carbon	<0.5
Physical/Fld-La	ab: ppm unless noted	
	Oxygen (O) (DIS) (Fld)	6.24
	ρН	7.6
	pH (Fld)	6.78
SC (u	mhos/cm at 25 C) (Fld)	233
	SC (umhos/cm at 25 C)	246
	Total Suspended Solids	<10
T	DS (Measured at 180 C)	180
	er Temperature (C) (Fld)	11.1
•••	4 ((****

TOT: Total; DIS: Dissolved; TRC: Total Recoverable

NOTE: Table 1 lists data validation flagging descriptions.

March 2007 Sampling Event

Database: ASARCO, East Helena Plant

Sample Matrix	STATION	Cail401	Gall401
Water	SAMPLE DATE	3/4/2007	3/4/2007
	SAMPLE TIME	13:10	13:20
	LAB	ELI	ELI
	LAB NUMBER	H07030014-002	H07030014-003
	SAMPLE NUMBER	EHR-0307-301	EHR-0307-302
	TYPE	Domestic Wells	Domestic Wells
	GROUP	Private Wells	Private Wells
	DESCRIPTION		
	REMARKS		Field Duplicate
Common lons in	ng/L): ppm unless note	ad	
Common tons (Bicarbonate (HCO3)	150	150
	Calcium (Ca) (DIS)	97	96
	Chloride (Cl)	29	31
	Magnesium (Mg) (DIS)	22	22
		6	6
	Potassium (K) (DIS)		
	Sodium (Na) (DIS)	24	24
T.4.	Sulfate (SO4)	247	243
	l Alkalinity As CACO3	120	120
Metals (mg/L): p	pm unless noted		·
	Arsenic (As) (DtS)	<0.002	<0.002
	Cad mium (Cd) (DIS)	<0.001	<0.001
	Copper (Cu) (DIS)	<0.004	< 0.004
	Iron (Fe) (DIS)	0.39	0.4
	Lead (Pb) (DIS)	<0.005	<0.005
	Manganese (Mn) (DIS)	0.03	0.02
	Selenium (Se) (DIS)	0.009	0.008
	Zinc (Zn) (DIS)	0.02	0.02
Nutrients: ppm i	unless noted		
	Total Organic Carbon	<0.5	50⊳
Physical/Fld-Lal	b: ppm unless noted_		
	Oxygen (O) (DIS) (Fld)	5,96	
	рН	7.4	7.4
	pH (Fld)	7.22	
SC (ur	nhos/cm at 25 C) (Fld)	652	
	SC (umhos/cm at 25 C)	638	660
	Total Suspended Solids	<10	<10
	OS (Measured at 180 C)	537	557
	r Temperature (C) (Fid)	11.1	
** 11.0		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

TOT: Total; DIS: Dissolved; TRC: Total Recoverable

NOTE: Table 1 lists data validation flagging descriptions.

Page 2 of 3

March 2007 Sampling Event

Database: ASARCO, East Helena Plant

Sample Matrix	STATION	FleidBlank
Water	SAMPLE DATE	3/4/2007
	SAMPLE TIME	13:30
	LAB	ELI
	LAB NUMBER	H07030014-004
	SAMPLE NUMBER	EHR-0307-303
	TYPE	Field QC
	GROUP	QC/PW
	DESCRIPTION	
	REMARKS	Blank
Common lons (n	ng/L): ppm unless not	ed
	Bicarbonale (HCO3)	1
	Calcium (Ca) (DIS)	<1
	Chloride (CI)	<i< td=""></i<>
1	Magnesium (Mg) (DIS)	</td
	Polassium (K) (DIS)	<1
	Sodium (Na) (DIS)	<1
	Sulfate (SO4)	<1
Total	Alkalinity As CACO3	i
Metals (mg/L): p	pm unless noted	
	Arsenic (As) (DIS)	<0.002
	Cadmium (Cd) (DIS)	<0.001
	Copper (Cu) (DIS)	<0.004
	Iron (Fe) (DIS)	<0.02
	Lead (Pb) (DIS)	<0.005
	Manganese (Mn) (DIS)	<0.01
	Selenium (Se) (DIS)	<0.005
	Zinc (Zn) (DIS)	<0.01
Nutrients: ppm u	inless noted	
	Total Organic Carbon	<0.5
Physical/Fld-Lat	b: ppm unless noted	
	рH	5.3
S	C (umhos/cm at 25 C)	1
1	Total Suspended Solids	<10
TD	S (Measured at 180 C)	<10

TOT: Total; DIS: Dissolved; TRC: Total Recoverable

NOTE: Table 1 lists data validation flagging descriptions.

Page 3 of 3

APPENDIX 2

FIELD NOTES

MARCH 4, 2007 TOWN SAMPLING OF RESUMBLY WELLS LOW-TERM PRIFS MOUTORING PROGRAM LOW-TERM PRIFS MOUTORING PROGRAM	Tenducium 122 Sil Conducium 152 umbostam D.O. Silb malil Timp 11:1°C
FIELD STANDARDICATION OF HURIED VALUE. SAMPLO SU 4.00 SU LUDUTIVITY LYBUMINOSKIM GUBOLIMANSKIM SAMPLO C.23%0 CO.23%0	EAR-0307-301 RAW (3:10) EAR-0307-301 METAL EAR 0307-301 TOL
FOLEY 203 GAIL STREET 10 MINDTE WELL PURGE PRIOR TO SAMPLING WATER SAMPLE VERY CLUAR	DUPNICATIO 13.20 LAVR-0307-307 PAW EAVR-0307-302 METAL EAVR-0307-302, TOU
CAUCITUITY 233 sumbasion D.D. 6.24 mg/l TEMP 11.1°C	FICUD BLAND Lite-0307-303 RAW EHR-0307-303 WETAL EHR-0307-303 TOC
BHR-0307-300 METALS 12:45 BHR-0307-300 RAW BHR-0307-300 TOC	All META SAMPLES FITTÓREM IN ETNOVIONMENTA) OFFICE TO AUDINO CINTA MINATION TOLY ZÍTÍZIV LA STRAUNI Z SZOL. GATA MOVIZUNOM TOLY ZÍTÍZIV LA STRAUNI Z SZOL. GATA MOVIZUNOM TOLY ZÍTÍZIV LA STRAUNI Z SZOL. GATA MOVIZUNOM
TRUSENT 401 GAIT STREET 10 MINUTE WHIT PUNCE THYOUGH GARDAN HOTE, SAWAR COLLECTOR FROM GARDEN SALUT VALUE DAVE JENSEN PRESENT DURING SAMAING, SLICHT YOUND TURNISHITY	SIAIZOUT STANCKUL

APPENDIX 3 CHAIN OF CUSTODIES

Poor Quality Source Document

The following document images have been scanned from the best available source copy.

To view the actual hard copy, contact the Region VIII Records Center at (303) 312-6473.



Chain of Custody and Analytical Request Record PLEASE PRINT, provide as much information as possible. Refer to corresponding notes on reverse side.

Page 1	of
--------	----

Company Name: ASARUU			Project Name	PWS	#. P6	ermit #	Etc.:	MC	آ الر	JC.1	4.2	- i	MABUH 2007
Report Mail Address: 123) EAS HELENA, MT 57	<i>j</i> 35		Contact Nam	ふじ	تأل	مدأ						Sar	npler Name if other than Contact:
Invoice Address:			Invoice Cont	act & I	Phon	e #:						Pu	rchase Order #: ELI Quote #:
Report Required For: POTW/WWTP (Other Special Report Formats - ELI must be no sample submittel for the following: NELAC	tified prior to		Number of Confainers Sample Type: A W S V B O Air Water Soils/Solids Yegetation Bioassay Other	170	37.77.74	WOLL IN	73. (1 mg m/s 60)	REC	UE	ST	ATTACHED		Notify ELI prior to RUSH sample submittal for additional charges and scheduling Cooler ID(s) Comments: Receipt Temp Custody Seal Y intact Signature
SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION (Name, Location, Interval, etc.)	Collection C Date	Time	MATRIX	_	1/2×1	6	7				SEE	Norma	
1 ETIR - 0307 - 300 PAW	 -	245	GN	X	X		<u> </u>		_	-	1	X	73703014
1 E-12 - 0307 - 300 METALS	 	245 1245	 	-	\wedge	X	\dashv	+	-	+	╂	+	N O
"EHR-0307-301 RAW"	 	310	 	X			<	+	+	+	$\dagger \dagger$	++	S 72
5 EHR-0307- 301 MEPRS		13:10	1-1		X			11	_	+	#	1	>
EINE - 0307 - 301 TOC	1 - 1	30				X					11	$\dagger \dagger$	8
" EHR-0307-302 RAW		3.20		X			X					\prod	A 42
EHR-0307-302 METAL	+	3:20			<u> </u>								
" EHR- 0307-302 TOC		<u>32)</u>	1				_				$\downarrow \downarrow$	L	M M
Custody Relinquished by (pintl): Record MUST be	314	Date/Time:	クラン	J5	ار ل	mature.	1	1	_	y (print): y (print).		i t	Date/Time: Signature
Signed Sample Disposal:	Return to clier	nt:	l et	Disp	nsal·				Sampl	e Type	:		LABORATORY USE ONLY # of fractions

In certain circumstances, samples submitted to Energy Laboratories, Inc. may be subcontracted to other certified laboratories in order to complete the analysis requested.

This serves as notice of this possibility. All sub-contract data will be clearly notated on your analytical report.

Visit our web site at www.energylab.com for additional information, downloadable fee schedule, forms, & links.

ENERGY	
LABORATORIES	

Chain of Custody and Analytical Request Record PLEASE PRINT, provide as much information as possible. Refer to corresponding notes on reverse side.

Company Name:	Project Name, PW	VS #, Perm	il #, Elc.:						·····	
Ashton	717				• .			4.4%		
Report Mail Address:	Contact Name, Phone, Fax, E-mail: Sampler Name if other than Contact									
Invoice Address:	Invoice Contact &		f:				Purch	ase Order #:	ELI Quote #:	
Report Required For: POTW/WWTP DW D Other	ars a O station			REQU	EST	ED	sa	Notify ELI prior to F ample submittal for a	idditional Receipt temp	
Special Report Formats - ELI must be notified prior to sample submittal for the following:	w S v E	2000	, y			ام		charges and sched	duling Cooler ID(s)	
NELAC A2LA Level IV	Number of Containers Sample Type: A W S V B O Ar Water Soits/Solids Vegetation Bloassay Other					CHE	d (TAT)		Custody Sea	
Other EDD/EDT D Format	Vumbe Sample Nater Saler	, - <u>[</u> []	-X			ATTA	umarou		Intact Signature	Y N Y N
SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION Collection (Name, Location, Interval, etc.) Collection Collection Time	Number of Co Sample Type. A Sample Type. A Number Solfs/Solf X Bloassay		4			SEE /	Normal Turnaround (TAT) RUSH Turnaround (TAT)		Match Lab ID	
1816 0877 318 10W 3 1 133V	64		1						(1) (1) (3 ₀)	
IDE 037 STAND 33		\					-		20	 -
* HIB OK 17 - 3 FT TU \$ 3 30			++		+-	+-	-		岁	
5		++	++	++	++	+			<u> </u>	
6				廿					<u> </u>	
8									ORAT	
9			+		-	+				
10	 -	++	++	++-	++	+-	$\vdash \vdash$		- A	
Custody Refinquished by:	Date/Time:		Shippe	i by:		l	Ř	eceived by	3 507 Pale/Fin	ne.
Record Relinquished by:	Date/Time:		Shippe	d by:			R	eceived by:	Date/Tim	
Signed Sample Disposal: Return to client:	Lab Dispos	al:						LABORAT Sample Type:	FORY USE ONLY # of fractions	

In certain circumstances, samples submitted to Energy Laboratories, inc. may be subcontracted to other certified laboratories in order to complete the analysis requested.

This serves as notice of this possibility. All sub-contract data will be clearly notated on your analytical report.

APPENDIX 4 LABORATORY REPORT

March 2007 Sampling Event

Database: ASARCO, East Helena Plant

Table of Contents by Station Type

Page	Station Type	Station Name
1	Domestic Wells	Gail203
1	Domestic Wells	Gail401
1	Field Quality Control	FieldBlank

TOT: Total; DIS: Dissolved; TRC: Total Recoverable

March 2007 Sampling Event

Database: ASARCO, East Helena Plant Table of Contents By Lab Sample ID

Page	Lah Sample ID	Sample ID	Sample Date	Station Name
1	H07030014-001	EHR-0307-300	3/4/2007	Gail203
1	H07030014-002	EHR-0307-301	3/4/2007	Gail401
1	H07030014-003	EHR-0307-302	3/4/2007	Gail401
1	H07030014-004	EHR-0307-303	3/4/2007	FieldBlank

TOT: Total; DIS: Dissolved; TRC: Total Recoverable

March 2007 Sampling Event

Database: ASARCO, East Helena Plant

Sample Matrix	STATION	Gati203	Gail401	C=(401	FieldBlan
Water	SAMPLE DATE	3/4/2007	3/4/2007	3/4/2007	3/4/200
	SAMPLE TIME	12:45	(3:10	13:20	13:3
	LAB	ELI	ELI	EL.1	EI
	LAB NUMBER	H070300 (4-00)	H07030014-002	1107030014-003	H07030014-00
	SAMPLE NUMBER	EHR-0307-300	EHR-0307-301	EHR-0307-302	EHR-0307-30
	TYPE	Domestic Wells	Domestic Wells	Domestic Wells	Field Q
	GROUP	Private Wells	Private Wells	Private Wells	QC/P\
	DESCRIPTION				
	REMARKS			Field Duplicate	Blan
Common lons (n	ng/L): ppm unless not	ed			
	Bicarbonale (HCO3)	95	150	150	
	Calcium (Ca) (DIS)	31	97	96	<
	Chloride (Cl)	5	29	31	<
İ	Magnesium (Mg) (DIS)	7	22	22	<
	Potassium (K) (DIS)	3	6	6	<
	Sodium (Na) (DIS)	13	24	24	<
	Sulfate (SO4)	50	247	243	<
Total	l Alkalinity As CACO3	78	120	120	
Metals (mg/L): p	pm unless noted				
	Arsenic (As) (DIS)	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.00
	Cadmium (Cd) (DIS)	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.00
	Copper (Cu) (DIS)	0.018	<0.004	<0.004	<0.00
	Iron (Fe) (DIS)	<0.02	0.39	0.4	<0.0
	Lead (Pb) (DIS)	<0.005	<0 005	< 0.005	<0.00
	Manganese (Mn) (DIS)	<0.01	0.03	0.02	<0.0
	Selenium (Se) (DIS)	< 0.005	0 009	800.0	<0.00
	Zinc (Zn) (DIS)	<0.01	0.02	0.02	<0,0
Nutrients: ppm u	unless noted				
	Total Organic Carbon	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	⊲0
Physical/Fld-Lat	b: ppm unless noted				
(Oxygen (O) (DIS) (Fld)	6.24	5.96		
	pН	7.6	7.4	7.4	5
	pH (Fld)	6.78	7.22		
,	nhos/em at 25 C) (Fld)	233	652		
	SC (umhos/cm at 25 C)	246	638	660	
1	Total Suspended Solids	<10	<10	<10	<i< td=""></i<>
					<1
TE	OS (Measured at 180 C)	180	537	557	~1

TOT: Total; DIS: Dissolved; TRC: Total Recoverable

NOTE: Table 1 lists data validation flagging descriptions.

Page 1 of 1



ANALYTICAL SUMMARY REPORT

March 12, 2007

Asarco LLC PO Box 1230

East Helena, MT 59635

Workorder No H07030014

Project Name Long-Term Rt/FS Monitoring March 2007

Energy Laboratories Inc received the following 4 samples from Asarco LLC on 3/5/2007 for analysis.

Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Collect Date Receive D	ate Matrix	Test
H07030014-001	EHR-0307-300	03/04/07 12.45 03/05/07	Groundwater	Metals by ICP/ICPMS, Dissolved Alkalinity Anions by Ion Chromatography Conductivity Carbon, Total Organic pH Solids, Total Dissolved Solids, Total Suspended Sulfate
H07030014-002	EHR-0307-301	03/04/07 13:10 03/05/07	Groundwater	Same As Above
H07030014-003	EHR-0307-302	03/04/07 13:20 03/05/07	Groundwater	Same As Above
H07030014-004	EHR-0307- 303	03/04/07 13:30 03/05/07	Groundwater	Same As Above

BRANCH LABORATORY LOCATIONS

eli-b - Energy Laboratories, Inc. - Billings, MT, EPA # MT00005 eli-c - Energy Laboratories, Inc. - Casper, WY, EPA# WY00002 eli-f - Energy Laboratories, Inc. - Idaho Falls, ID, EPA # ID00942 eli-g - Energy Laboratories, Inc. - Gillette, WY, EPA# WY00006 eli-h - Energy Laboratories, Inc. - Helena, MT, EPA# MT00945 eli-r - Energy Laboratories, Inc. - Rapid City, SD, EPA# SD00012 eli-t - Energy Laboratories, Inc. - College Station, TX, EPA# TX01520

SUBCONTRACTING ANALYSIS

Subcontracting of sample analyses to an outside laboratory may be required. If so, ENERGY LABORATORIES, INC. will utilize its branch laboratories or qualified contract laboratories for this service. Any such laboratories are indicated within the Laboratory Analytical Report.

SAMPLE TEMPERATURE COMPLIANCE: 4°C (±2°C) .

Temperature of samples received may not be considered properly preserved by accepted standards. Samples that are hand delivered immediately after collection shall be considered acceptable if there is evidence that the chilling process has begun.

ELI appreciates the opportunity to provide you with this analytical service. For additional information, including certifications, and analytical services visit our web page www.energylab.com

Report Approved By:



CASE NARRATIVE

NONE



Client:

Asarco LLC

Project:

Long-Term RI/FS Monitoring March 2007

Lab ID:

H07030014-001

Client Sample ID: EHR-0307-300

Report Date: 03/12/07

Collection Date: 03/04/07 12:45

DateReceived: 03/05/07

Matrix: Groundwater

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES							
pH	7.6	s.u.		0.1		E150 1	03/06/07 12:06 / sld
Conductivity	246	umhos/cm		1		A2510 B	03/05/07 13.47 / abb
Solids, Total Suspended TSS @ 105 C	ND	mg/L		10		E160 2	03/06/07 12:56 / sid
Solids, Total Dissolved TDS @ 180 C	180	mg/L		10		A2540 C	03/06/07 13:12 / sld
INORGANICS							
Sulfate	50	mg/L		1		A4500-SO4 E	03/05/07 15:13 / abb
Alkalimity, Total as CaCO3	78	mg/L		1		A2320 B	03/07/07 11:30 / abb
Bicarbonate as HCO3	95	mg/L		1		A2320 B	03/07/07 11:30 / abb
Chloride	5	mg/L		1		E300 0	03/08/07 13:16 / eli-b
AGGREGATE ORGANICS							
Organic Carbon, Tota: (TOC)	ND	mg/L		0.5		A5310 C	03/08/07 14:26 / eti-c
METALS, DISSOLVED							
Arsenic	ND	mg/L	(0.002		E200 8	03/09/07 03:45 / eli-b
Cadmium	ND	mg/L	(0 001		E200 7	03/08/07 12:26 / eli-b
Ca cium	31	mg/L		1		E200.7	03/08/07 12:26 / eli-5
Copper	0.018	mg/L	(0 004		E200 7	03/08/07 12:26 / eli-b
Iran	ND	mg/L		0 02		E200.7	03/08/07 12.26 / eli-b
Lead	ND	mg/L	1	0.005		E200.B	03/09/07 03 45 / elb
Magnesium	7	mg/L		1		E200.7	03/08/07 12.26 / eli-b
Manganese	ND	mg/L		0 01		E200.7	03/08/07 12:26 / eli-b
Potass um	3	mg/L		1		E200.7	03/08/07 12.26 / el-b
Seleman	ИD	mg/L	(3.005		E200.8	03/09/07 03:45 / el-b
Sodium	13	rng/L		1		E200.7	03/08/07 12:26 / eli-b
Źinc	NO	mg/L		0 01		E200 7	03/08/07 12 26 / eli-b

Report

RL - Analyte reporting limit

Definitions: QCL - Quality control limit.

MCL - Maximum contaminant level



Client:

Asarco LLC

Project:

Long-Term RI/FS Monitoring March 2007

Lab ID:

H07030014-002

Client Sample ID: EHR-0307-301

Report Date: 03/12/07

Collection Date: 03/04/07 13:10

·DateReceived: 03/05/07

Matrix: Groundwater

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES						<u> </u>	
pH	7.4	s u		0.1		E150 1	03/06/07 12 09 / sld
Conductivity	638	umhos/cm		1		A2510 B	03/05/07 13 47 / abb
Solics, Total Suspended TSS @ 105 C	ND	mg/L		10		E160 2	03/06/07 12 57 / sld
Solids, Total Dissolved TDS @ 180 C	537	mg/L		10		A2540 C	03/06/07 13 46 / sld
INORGANICS							
Sulfate	247	mg/L	a	1		A4500-SO4 E	03/05/07 15:24 / abb
Alkalınity, Total as CaCO3	120	mg/L		1		A2320 B	03/07/07 11:38 / abb
Bicarponate as HCO3	150	mg/L		1		A2320 B	03/07/07 11.38 / abb
Chloride	29	mg/L		1		E300 0	03/08/07 13:51 / eli-b
AGGREGATE ORGANICS							
Organic Carbon, Total (TOC)	ND	mg/L		0.5		∧5310 C	03/08/07 14 37 / efi-c
METALS, DISSOLVED							
Arsenic	NO	mg/L		0.002		E200.8	03/09/07 03:52 / eli-b
Cadmium	ND	mg/L		0.001	•	E200.8	03/09/07 03:52 / eli-b
Calcium	97	mg/L		1		E200 7	03/08/07 12:36 / eli-b
Copper	ND	mg/L		0.004		E200.7	03/08/07 12:36 / eli-b
fron	0.39	mg/L		0 02		E200.7	03/08/07 12:36 / e ^{li} -b
Lead	ND	mg/L		0.005		E200.8	03/09/07 03.52 / eli-b
Magnesium	22	mg/L		1		E200.7	03/08/07 12:36 / eli-b
Manganese	0.C3	mg/L		0.01		E200.7	03/08/07 12:36 / eli-b
Potassium	6	mg/L		1		E200 7	03/08/07 12:36 / eli-b
Selenium	0.009	mg/L		0.005		E200.8	03/09/07 03:52 / eli-b
Sodium	24	mg/L		1		E200.7	03/08/07 12:36 / eli-b
Zinc	0.02	mg/L		0.01		E200.7	03/08/07 12:36 / eli-b

Report

RL - Analyte reporting limit

Definitions:

QCL - Quality control imit

D - RL increased due to sample matrix interference.

MCL - Maximum contaminant level



Client:

Asarco LLC

Project:

Long-Term RI/FS Monitoring March 2007

Lab ID:

:107030014-003 Client Sample ID: EHR-0307-302

Report Date: 03/12/07

Collection Date: 03/04/07 13:20

DateReceived: 03/05/07

Matrix: Groundwater

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES							
Hq	7.4	S U.		0.1		E150.1	03/06/07 12 11 / sld
Conductivity	660	umhos/cm		1		A2510 B	03/05/07 13 48 / abb
Solids, Total Suspended TSS @ 105 C	ND	mg/L		10		E160 2	03/06/07 12 57 / sld
Solids, Total Dissolved TDS @ 180 C	557	mg/L		10		A2540 C	03/06/07 13:13 / sld
INORGANICS							
Sulfate	243	mg/L	D	1		A4500-SO4 E	03/05/07 15 24 / abb
Alkalinity, Total as CaCO3	120	mg/L		1		A2320 B	03/07/07 11:45 / abb
Bicarbonate as HCO3	150	mg/L		1		A2320 B	03/07/07 11:45 / abb
Chloride	31	mg/L		1		E300.0	03/08/07 14 26 / el-b
AGGREGATE ORGANICS							
Organic Carbon, Total (TOC)	ND	mg/L		0.5		A5310 C	03/08/07 14:48 / eli-c
METALS, DISSOLVED							
Arsenic	ND	mg/L		0.002		E200.8	03/09/07 03 59 / eli-b
Cadmium	ND	mg/L		0.001		E200.8	03/09/07 03:59 / eli-b
Calcium	96	mg/L		1		E200 7	03/08/07 12:51 / eli-b
Copper	NΩ	mg/L		0.004		E200 7	03/08/07 12.51 / eli-b
Iron	0.40	mg/L		0.02		E200 7	03/08/07 12:51 / eli-b
Lead	ND	mg/L		0.005		E200 8	03/09/07 03:59 / eli-b
Magnesium	22	mg/L		1		E200 7	03/08/07 12:51 / eli-b
Manganese	0 02	mg/L		0 01		E200.7	03/08/07 12:51 / eli-b
Potassium	6	mg/L		1		E200.7	03/08/07 12:51 / eli-b
Selenium	0.008	mg/L		0.005		E200.8	03/09/07 03 59 / eli-b
Sodium	24	mg/L		1		E200.7	03/08/07 12:51 / eli-b
Zinc	0 02	mg/L		0 01		E200.7	03/08/07 12 51 / eli-t

Report

RL - Analyte reporting limit.

Definitions:

QCL - Quality control limit

MCL - Maximum contaminant level. ND - Not detected at the reporting limit

D - RL increased due to sample matrix interference



Client:

Asarco LLC

Project:

Long-Term RI/FS Monitoring March 2007

Lab ID:

r107030014-004

Client Sample ID: EHR-0307- 303

Report Date: 03/12/07

Collection Date: 03/04/07 13:30

DateReceived: 03/05/07

Matrix: Groundwater

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES							
Hig	5 3	s u		0.1		E150.1	03/06/07 12.13 / sld
Conductivity	1	umhos/cm		1		A2510 B	03/05/07 13:51 / abb
Solids, Total Suspended TSS @ 105 C	ND	mg/L		10		E160.2	03/06/07 12·57 / sld
Solids, Total Dissolved TDS @ 180 C	ND	mg/L		10		A2540 C	03/06/07 13:46 / sld
INORGANICS							
Sulfate	ND	mg/L		1		A4500-SO4 E	03/05/07 15:14 / abb
Alkalinity, Total as CaCO3	1	mg/L		1		A2320 B	03/07/07 11:59 / abb
Bicarbonate as HCO3	1	mg/L		1		A2320 B	03/07/07 11:59 / abb
Chtoride	ND	mg/L		1		E300.0	03/08/07 14:38 / eli-b
AGGREGATE ORGANICS							
Organic Carbon, Fotal (TOC)	ND	mg/L		0.5		A5310 C	03/08/07 14:58 / eli-c
METALS, DISSOLVED							
Arsenic	ИD	mg/L		0.002		E200.8	03/09/07 04:06 / eli-b
Cadmium	ND	mg/L		0.001		E200 8	03/09/07 04:06 / eli-b
Calcium	ND	mg/L		1		E200 7	03/08/07 12:54 / eli-b
Copper	ND	mg/L		0.004		E200 7	03/08/07 12:54 / eli-b
ron	ND	mg/L		0.02		E200 7	03/08/07 12.54 / ei⊢b
Lead	ND	mg/L		0.005		E200.8	03/09/07 04:06 / eli-b
Magnesium	ND	mg/L		1		E200 7	03/08/07 12:54 / eli-b
Manganese	ND	mg/L		0.01		E200.7	03/08/07 12.54 / eli-b
Potassium	ND	mg/L		1		E200 7	03/08/07 12 54 / eli-b
Selenium	ND	mg/L		0.005		E200.8	03/09/07 04 06 / eli-b
Sodium	ND	mg/L		1		E200.7	03/08/07 12:54 / eli-b
Zinc	ND	mg/L		0.01		E200.7	03/08/07 12:54 / eli-b

Report

RL - Analyte reporting limit

Definitions: QCL - Quality control limit

MCL - Maximum contaminant level



Client: Asarco LLC

Report Date: 03/12/07

Project: Long Term RI/FS Monitoring March 2007

Work Order: H07030014

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Llmit	RPD	RPOLimit	Qual
Method: A2320 B							В	atch 070307	A-ALK-W
Sample ID: MBLK1_070307A	Method Blank				Run. TITTE	R_070507A		03/0	7/07 10 21
Alkalinity, Total as CaCO3	1	mg/L	0.9			_			
Bicarbonate as HCO3	1	mg/L	0.9						
Sample ID: LCS1_070307A	Laboratory Contr	rol Sample			Run: TITTE	_0705 07A		03/07	707 10 17
Alkalimity, Total as CaCO3	600	mg/L	4.0	100	90	110			
Sample ID: H07030005-0018MS	Sample Matrix S	pike			Run: TITTR	C_070507A		03/07	707 11 11
Alkalinity, Total as CaCO3	610	mg/L	4.0	97	90	110			
Sample ID: H07030005-001BMSD	Sample Matrix S	pike Duplicate			Run, TITTR	_07 0507A		03/07	707 11:15
Alkalinity, Total as CaCO3	600	mg/L	4.0	97	90	110	0.3	20	
Sample ID: H07030014-003ADUP	Sample Duplicate	e			Run: TITTR	_070507A		03/07	707 11 51
Alkalinity, Total as CaCO3	120	mg/L	4.0				0.0	20	
Bicarbonate as HCO3	150	mg/L	4.0				0.0	20	
Method: A2510 B				•		Ва	alch. 07030	5A-COND-P	ROBE-W
Sample ID: LCS1_070305A	Laboratory Contr	ol Sample			Run: COND	_070305A		03/05	07 13:38
Conductivity	1400 um	hos/cm	1.0	99	90	110			
Sample ID: H07030014-003ADUP	Sample Duplicate	e			Run COND	_070305A		03/05	/57 13 48
Conductivity	662 um	hos/cm	1.0				03	10	
Method: A2540 C					······································		Batch, 07	0306A-SLD	S-TDS-W
Sample ID: MBILK1_070306A	Method Blank				Run: SOLID	S_070306B		03/06	/07 13:11
Solids, Total Dissolved TDS @ 180 C	ND I	mg/L	1			_			
Sample ID: LCS1_070306A	Laboratory Contr	oi Sample			Run: SOLID	S 070306B		03/06	/07 13 1 1
Solids Total Dissolved TDS @ 180 C	•	mg/L	10	99	90	110			
Sample ID: H07030014-003ADUP	Sample Duplicate	e			Run; SOLID	S_070306B		03/06	07 13:13
Solids, Total Dissolved TDS @ 180 C		mg/L	10			_	2 0	20	•
Sample ID: H07030032-002DMS	Sample Matrix St	pi ke			Run; ŞOLIE	S_070306B		03/06	/07 13 14
Solids, Total Dissolved TDS @ 180 C		mg/L	10	97	80	120			
Sample ID: H07030032-002DMSD	Sample Matrix Sp	pike Duplicate			Run SOLID	S_070306B		03/06	/0/ 13·14
Solids Total Dissolved TDS @ 180 C	•	mg/L	10	97	80	120	0.1	10	

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit



Client: Asarco LLC

Project: Long-Term RI/FS Monitoring March 2007

Report Date: 03/12/07

Work Örder: H07030014

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method: A4500-SO4 E						8	atch: 0	70305A-SO4	-TURB-W
Sample ID: MBLK1_070305A	Method Blank				Run, TURE	BIDITY_070305A		03/05	5/ 07 15:08
Sulfate	06	mg/L	0.2						
Sample ID: LCS1_070305A	Laboratory Cor	ntrol Sample			Run: TURE	BIDITY_070305A		03/05	5/07 15 09
Sulfate	88 8	mg/L	10	92	90	110			
Sample ID: H07030014-004AMS	Sample Matrix	Spike			Run: TURE	SIDITY_070305A		03/05	5/07 15 15
Sulfate	18 1	mg/L	10	87	80	120			
Sample ID: H07030014-004AMSD	Sample Matrix	Spike Duplicate			Run: TURE	DITY_070305A		03/05	5/97 15 15
Sulfate	18.2	mg/L	1.0	88	80	120	10	10	
Method: A5310 C								Balch. C	_R80630
Sample ID: MBLK	Method Blank				Run, SUB-	280630		03/08	/07 13:55
Organic Carbon, Total (TOC)	NO	mg/L	0.04						
Sample ID: C07030299-002AMS	Sample Matrix	Spike			Run; SUB-0	C80630		03/08	/07 16 13
Organic Carbon, Total (TOC)	8.22	mg/L	0.50	105	85	115			
Sample ID: C07030299-002AMSD	Sample Matrix	Spike Duplicate			Run: SUB-0	C80630		03/08	/07 16·25
Organic Carbon, Total (TOC)	8.15	mg/L	0.50	104	85	115	0.9	10	
Sample ID: LCS-C2933	Laboratory Cor	itrol Sample			Run; SUB-0	C80630		03/08	/07 16.39
Organic Carbon, Total (TOC)	10.2	mg/L	0.50	102	90	110			
Method: E150.1							E	aich: 07030	6A-PH-W
Sample ID: LCS1_070306A	Laboratory Cor	ntrol Sample			Run. PH_0	703068		03/06	<i>1</i> 07 11.57
PH	6.98	S.u.	0 10	100	98.6	101 4			
Sample ID: H07030014-001ADUP	Sample Duplica	ate .			Run: PH_0	70306B		03/06	/07 12 07
рН	7.52	s.u.	0.10				0.4	2	
Method: E160.2		····				В	atch 0	0306A-SLD	s-TSS-W
Sample ID: LCS1_070306A	Laboratory Cor	itrol Sample			Run: SOLIC	S_070306A		03/06	/07 12.56
Solids, Total Suspended TSS @ 105 C	1910	mg/L	10	96	70	130			
Sample 1D: H07030014-003ADUP	Sample Duplica	ale			Run: SOLIE	S_070306A		03/06	<i>1</i> 07 12 57
Solids Total Suspended TSS @ 105 C	3.00	mg/L	10				0.0	10	

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit



Client: Asarco LLC

Project: Long-Term RI/FS Monitoring March 2007

Report Date: 03/12/07

Work Order: H07030014

Analyte		Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD RPDLimit Qual
Method:	E200.7			·				Analytical Run SUR-B90404
Sample ID:	qcs	Initial Calibrati	on Verificatio	n Standard				03/08/07 11 50
Cadmium		0.514	mg/L	0.010	103	90	110	
Calcium		51.4	mg/L	1.0	103	90	110	
Copper		1 04	mg/L	0.010	104	90	110	
Iron		5.08	mg/L	0 030	102	90	110	
Magnesium		51.0	mg/L	1.0	102	90	110	
Manganese		5.07	mg/L	0 010	101	90	110	
Potassium		516	mg/L	1.0	103	90	110	
Sodium		51 6	mg/L	1.0	103	90	110	
Zinc		1 06	mg/L	0.010	106	90	110	
Method:	E200.7							Batch B_R90404
Sample ID:	MB-SPDfS070308A	Method Blank				Run: SUB-I	390404	03/08/07 12:01
Cadmium		0.0005	mg/L	0.0003				
Calcium		ND	mg/L	0.009				
Copper		ND	mg/L	0.001				
iron		ND	mg/L	0.002				
Magnesium		ND	mg/L	C 01				
Manganese		8000 0	mg/L	0 0002				
Potassium		ND	mg/L	0 02				
Sodium		ND	mg/L	02				
Zinc		ND	mg/L	0.0004				
Sample ID:	LFB-SPDI\$070308A	Laboratory For	lified Blank			Run: \$UB-8	390404	03/08/07 12:05
Cadmium		0.520	mg/L	0.010	104	85	115	
Calcium		52.4	mg/L	1.0	105	85	115	
Copper		1.05	mg/L	0.010	105	85	115	
Iron		5 17	mg/L	0.030	103	85	115	
Magnesium		52 4	mg/L	1.0	105	85	115	
Manganese		5.18	mg/L	0.010	104	85	115	
Potassiumi		52.9	mg/L	1.0	106	85	115	
Sodium		52.4	mg/L	1.0	105	85	115	
Z nc		1.08	mg/L	0 010	108	85	115	
Sample ID:	807030235-D01AMS2	Sample Matrix	Spike			Run: SUB-E	90404	03/08/07 16:24
Cadmium		10.6	mg/L	0.020	106	70	130	
Calcium		1060	mg/L	1.0	105	70	139	
Copper		22.7	mg/L	0.020	110	70	130	
lron		108	mg/L	0 10	106	70	130	
		1070	mg/L	1.0	107	70	130	
Magnesium		108	mg/L	0.020	107	70	130	
Manganese		1100	mg/L	1.020	107	70	130	
Potassium		1100	mg/L	1.0	,07			

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit



Client: Asarco LLC

Report Date: 03/12/07

Project: Long-Term RI/FS Monitoring March 2007

Work Order: H07030014

Analyte		Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method:	E200.7								Batch B	R90404
Sample ID:	B07030235-001AMS2	Sample Matrix	Spika			Run: SUB-	B90404		03/08	/07 16:24
Sedium		12700	mg/L	20		70	130			Α
Zinc		22.0	rng/L	0 020	109	70	130			
Sample ID:	B07030235-001AMSD2	Sample Matrix	Spike Duplic	ale		Run: SUB-I	B90404		03/08	/07 15.27
Cadmium		10.7	mg/L	0.020	107	70	130	0.8	20	
Calcium		1060	mg/L	1.0	105	70	130	0.0	20	
Copper		22.6	mg/L	0.020	110	70	130	0.6	20	
ron		109	mg/L	0.10	107	70	130	C 4	20	
Magnesium		1070	mg/L	1.0	107	70	130	06	20	
Manganese		107	mg/L	0.020	107	70	130	0 4	20	
Potassium		1100	mg/L	1.0	106	70	130	06	20	
Sodium		12900	mg/L	20		70	130	1.0	20	Α
Zinc		22.0	mg/L	0 020	109	70	130	0.1	20	
Sample ID:	H07030014-001B	Sample Matrix	Spike			Run: SUB-6	390404		03/08/	07 12·29
Cadmium		0 5304	mg/L	0.0010	106	70	130			
Calcium		82.01	mg/L	1.0	102	70	130			
Copper		1,102	mg/L	0.010	108	70	130			
ron		5.182	mg/L	0.030	103	70	130			
Magnesium		60.79	mg/L	1.0	108	70	130			
Manganese		5.182	mg/L	0,010	104	70	130			
Potassium		54.37	mg/L	1.0	103	70	130			
Sodium		65 69	mg/L	1.0	105	70	130			
Zinc		1 092	mg/L	0.010	109	70	130			
Sample ID:	H07030014-001B	Sample Matrix	Spike Duplic	ate		Run: SUB-E	390404		03/08/	07 12:33
Cadmium		0 5192	mg/L	0.0010	104	70	130	2 1	20	
Calcium		80.27	mg/L	1.0	99	70	130	2.1	20	
Copper		1,105	mg/L	0.010	109	70	130	0.3	20	
ron		5.066	mg/L	0.030	101	70	130	22	20	
Magnesium		59.87	mg/L	1.0	106	70	130	15	20	
Manganese		5.120	mg/L	0.010	102	70	130	12	20	
Potassium		52.94	mg/L	1.0	100	70	130	27	20	
Sodium		64.36	mg/L	1.0	103	70	130	2 C	20	
Zinc		1.064	mg/L	0.010	106	70	130	2.6	20	

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit

A - The analyte level was greater than four times the spike level. In accordance with the method % recovery is not calculated.

ND. Not detected at the reporting limit



Client: Asarco LLC

Project: Long-Term RI/FS Monitoring March 2007

Report Date: 03/12/07

Work Order: H07030014

Analyte		Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	Hìgh Lìmit	RPD R	PDLimit	Qual
Method:	E200.8							Analytica	Run SU	JB-B90420
Sample ID:	QCS-ME070103A, 07010	Initial Calibrat	ion Verificatio	n Standard					03/0	8/07 22 10
Arsenic		0.051	mg/L	0.0050	103	90	110			
Cadmium		0.025	mg/L	0.0010	103	90	110			
l.eac		0.048	mg/L	0 0 1 0	96	90	110			
Selenium		0 051	mg/L	0.0050	102	90	110			
Sample ID:	QCS-ME070103A, 07010	Initial Calibrat	ion Verificatio	n Standard					03/08	8/07 22 10
Arsenic		0.051	mg/L	0.0050	103	90	110			
Cadmium		0.026	mg/L	0.0010	103	90	110			
Lead		0.048	mg/L	0.010	96	90	110			
Seienium		0.051	mg/L	0.0050	102	90	110			
Method:	E200.8				 -				Batch: E	B_R90420
Sample ID:	LRB	Method Blank				Run. SUB-I	390420		03/08	8/07 16.49
Arsenic		ИD	mg/L	4E-05						
Cadmium		ND	mg/L	3E-06						
Lead		4E-05	mg/L	3E-06						
Selenium		ND	mg/L	0 000 1						
Sample ID:	LFB	Laboratory Fo	rtified Blank			Run. SUB-	390420		03/08	3/07 16:57
Arsenia		0 052	mg/L	0.0050	103	85	115			
Cadmium		0.049	mg/L	0.0010	98	85	115			
Lead		0.051	mg/L	0.010	102	85	115			
Selenium		0 050	mg/L	0.0050	100	85	115			
Sample ID:	B07030487-001BMS	Sample Matrix	Spike			Run: SUB-E	390420		03/09	907 04 21
Arsenic		0 0529	mg/L	0.0050	100	70	130			
Cadmium		0.0500	mg/L	0.0010	23	70	130			
Lead		0.0515	mg/L	0.010	102	70	130			
Selenium		0.0516	mg/L	0.0050	103	70	130			
Sample ID:	B07030487-0018MSD	Sample Matrix Spike Duplicate Run: SUB-890420			03/09	9/C7 04 28				
Arsenia		0.0530	mg/L	0.0050	100	70	130	0 2	20	
Cadmium		0.0499	mg/L	0.0010	99	70	130	03	20	
		0.0511	mg/L	0.010	101	70	130	09	20	
Lead										

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit



Client: Asarco LLC

Report Date: 03/12/07

Project: Long-Term RI/FS Monitoring March 2007

Work Order: H07030014

Analyte	,	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method:	E300.0							Analyt	cal Run SU	B-B90403
Sample ID:	ICA	Initial Calibration	on Verification	Standard					03/08	3/07 0 9 35
Chloride		26.6	mg/L	1.0	106	90	110			
Method:	E300.0	···			····				Batch E	3_R90403
Sample ID:	ICB	Method Blank			Run: SUB-B90403			03/08/07 09.47		
Chloride		ND	mg/L	0.05						
Sample ID:	LFB	Laboratory For	tified Blank		Run: SUB-B90403				03/08	/07 09.59
Chloride		9.75	mg/L	10	97	90	110			
Sample ID:	H07030014-001A	Sample Matrix Spike			Run. SUB-B90403				03/08	/07 13 28
Chloride		30.5	mg/L	1.0	101	90	110			
Sample ID:	ID: H07030014-001A Sample Matrix Spike Duplicate		Run: SUB-B90403			03/08	/07 13 39			
Chloride		30.7	mg/L	1.0	101	90	110	0.7	20	

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit

TABLE C. FALL 2006 RESIDENTIAL WELL SAMPLING ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS

Parameter	Analytica Technique		Project Detection Limit (ppm)		
Physical Parameters	(
PH	h pH Meter	MCAWW 150.1	T		
Specific Conductivity	SC Meter	NCAWW 120.1			
IDS	*1 Gravinicirie	1 316 21 50 1 50 1	10		
TSS	A Gravimetric	MCAWW 160.2	10		
Common Ions					
Alkalinity	t Titrimetric	7(CV/60.5101	1		
Bicarbonate	^ Titrimetric	NICAWW 310.1	1		
Sulfate	* Colorimetric	SW-846 9036	1		
Chloride	1 Colorimetric	MCAWW 325.2	1		
Calcium	ICP	SW-846 6010A	5 7		
Magnesium	ICP	SW-846 6010A	5		
Sodium	ICP	SW-846 6010A	5 -		
	FAA	SW-846 7770			
Potassium	ICP	SW-846 6010A	5 -		
	FAA	SW-846 7610	<u> </u>		
Assenic and Metals					
Arsenic	GFAA	SW-846 7060A	0.005		
	HGAA	SW-846 7061	(0,002 for residential		
	ICP	SW-846 6010A	samples)		
	ICP-MS	SW-846 6020			
Cadmium	GFAA	SW-846 7131A	0,001		
	FAA	SW-846 7130			
	ICP	SW-846 6010A			
	ICP-MS	SW-846 6020			
Copper	FAA	SW-846 7210	0.004 ~		
	1 ICP	SW-846 6010A			
Iron	ICP-MS	SW-846 6020	0.020		
Manganese	ICP	SW-846 6010A	0.020		
vianganese Lead	ICP	SW-846 6010A	0.005		
Cead	GFAA FAA	SW-846 7121 SW-846 7420	0,003 -		
	ICP	SW-846 6010A			
	1	1 ' ' ' '			
Selenium	ICP-MS	SW-846 6020	0.005		
Zinc	FAA	SW-846 6010,20 SW-846 7950	0.020		
LINC	ICP	SW-846 6010A	0.020		
	ICP-MS	SW-846 6020			
	TICL-WD	2 /2 -940 0070			
ield Parameters					
WL.	Electric Tape	HF-SOP-10	0.01 ft		
emperature	pH Meter	HF-SOP-20	NA		
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	DO Meter	HF-SOP-22	NA		
H	pl·l Meter	HF-SO?-20	ΝΛ		
pecific Conductivity (SC)	SC Meter	HF-SOP-79	NA NA		

Energy Laboratories Inc

Sample Receipt Checklist

Client Name Aserco LLC					Date and Time Received: 3/5/2007 10:50		
Work Order Number	H07030014			Received	by rit	11	
l agin completed by	Roxanne L. Tubbs Signature	3/5/ Date	2007 10:50:00	Reviewed	by Jose	3/4/07	
		Carrier name	Hand Del				
Shipping container/cod	eler in good condition?		Yes 🗹	No i.	Not Present .	ų.	
Custody seals intact or	n shipping container/cooler?		Yes 🗌	No L	Not Present		
Custody seals intact or	sample bottles?		Yes	No □	Not Present	/ i	
Chain of custody prese	ent?		Yes 🕎	No []			
Chain of custody signe	d when relinquished and red	eived?	Yes 🗸	No :			
Chain of custody agree	es with sample labels?		Yes 🗸	No 🗀			
Samples in proper conf	tainer/bottle?		Yes 🔽	No IT			
Sample containers inta	ct?		Yes 🔀	No 1			
Sufficient sample volum	ne for indicated test?		Yes 🛂	No 🗀			
All samples received w	ithin holding time?		Yes 🗹	No L			
Container/Temp Blank	temperature in compliance?	,	Yes 🖊	No ! !	0 °C		
Water - VOA vials have	e zero headspaçe?		Yes :	No L. I N	o VOA vials submit	ted 📶	
Water - pH acceptable	upon receipt?		Yes 🖊	No 🗀	Not Applicable	7	
	Ac	ljusted?		Checked by			

Contact and Corrective Action Comments **None**